

PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT

NORTHERN FUNDS
MONEY MARKET FUNDSSUPPLEMENT DATED APRIL 4, 2012 TO
PROSPECTUS DATED JULY 31, 2011

The following replaces the section "BY CHECK" under the heading "PURCHASE AND SALE OF FUND SHARES" on pages 5, 9, 12, 16 and 19 of the Prospectus:

By Check – If you authorize the checkwriting privilege on your New Account Application, you may redeem shares of the Fund by check in amounts of \$250 or more. In the event that the Fund is required to redeem and sell Fund shares at a price other than \$1.00 per share, the checkwriting privilege for the Fund will be suspended until the Fund is able to redeem and sell Fund shares at a stable net asset value of \$1.00 per share.

The following paragraph is added at the end of the section "BY CHECK" under the heading "REDEEMING AND EXCHANGING DIRECTLY FROM THE FUNDS" on page 25 of the Prospectus:

In accordance with the requirements of Rule 2a-7 under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, the Funds' transfer agent must have the capability to redeem and sell shares of the Funds at a price based on the current net asset value per share, including the capability to redeem and sell Fund shares at prices that do not correspond to the stable \$1.00 net asset value or price per share. In the event that a Fund is required to redeem and sell Fund shares at a price other than \$1.00 per share, the checkwriting privilege for that Fund will be suspended until the Fund is able to redeem and sell Fund shares at a stable net asset value of \$1.00 per share.

* * *

SUPPLEMENT DATED AUGUST 29, 2011
(AS REVISED AND RESTATED OCTOBER 26, 2011)
TO PROSPECTUS DATED JULY 31, 2011

Northern Trust Investments, Inc. is scheduled to increase the expense reimbursements it provides to certain Northern Funds effective as of January 1, 2012. This increase in expense reimbursements will have the effect of reducing the Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses paid by investors. The following chart illustrates the increase in expense reimbursements:

Fund	Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Expense Reimbursement	Operating Expense Reduction	Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Expense Reimbursement Effective 1/1/2012
California Municipal Money Market	0.45%	-0.10%	0.35%
Money Market	0.45%	-0.10%	0.35%
Municipal Money Market	0.45%	-0.10%	0.35%
U.S. Government Money Market	0.45%	-0.10%	0.35%
U.S. Government Select Money Market	0.45%	-0.10%	0.35%

These new contractual expense reimbursement arrangements are expected to continue from implementation until at least December 31, 2012.

* * *

PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT

**SUPPLEMENT DATED SEPTEMBER 16, 2011 TO
PROSPECTUS DATED JULY 31, 2011**

The following replaces the third paragraph under "FUND SUMMARIES – U.S. Government Select Money Market Fund – Principal Investment Strategies" on page 17 of the Prospectus:

Under unusual circumstances, as when appropriate securities that are exempt from state taxes are unavailable, the Fund also may invest in non-exempt U.S. government securities and cash equivalents, including money market funds, repurchase agreements and time deposits with a maturity of three months or less, and hold uninvested cash. Cash assets are not income-generating and therefore would impact the Fund's current yield. During this time, the Fund may not meet its investment objective.

Please retain this Supplement with your Prospectus for future reference.

50 South LaSalle Street
P.O. Box 75986
Chicago, Illinois 60675-5986
800-595-9111
northernfunds.com



Managed by
Northern Trust

MM SPT (4/12)

NORTHERN FUNDS PROSPECTUS

**CALIFORNIA MUNICIPAL MONEY
MARKET FUND (NOCXX)**

MONEY MARKET FUND (NORXX)

**MUNICIPAL MONEY MARKET FUND
(NOMXX)**

**U.S. GOVERNMENT MONEY MARKET
FUND (NOGXX)**

**U.S. GOVERNMENT SELECT MONEY
MARKET FUND (NOSXX)**

Prospectus dated July 31, 2011

An investment in a Fund is not a deposit of any bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC"), any other government agency, or The Northern Trust Company, its affiliates, subsidiaries or any other bank. An investment in a Fund involves investment risks, including possible loss of principal.

Although each of the Funds seeks to preserve the value of your investment at \$1.00 per share, it is possible to lose money by investing in the Funds.

The California Municipal Money Market Fund is not available in certain states. Please call 800-595-9111 to determine the availability in your state.

The Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") has not approved or disapproved these securities or passed upon the adequacy of this Prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

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FUND SUMMARIES

CALIFORNIA MUNICIPAL MONEY MARKET FUND

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The Fund is a money market fund that seeks to maintain a stable net asset value (“NAV”) of \$1.00 per share. The Fund seeks to provide, to the extent consistent with the preservation of capital and prescribed portfolio standards, a high level of income exempt from regular federal income tax and California state personal income tax.

FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund.

Shareholder Fees (fees paid directly from your investment)

None

Annual Fund Operating Expenses (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

Management Fees	0.25%
Distribution (12b-1) Fees	0.00%
Other Expenses	0.24%
Administration Fees	0.10%
Transfer Agency Fees	0.10%
Other Operating Expenses	0.04%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	0.49%
Expense Reimbursement ⁽¹⁾	(0.04)%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Expense Reimbursement	0.45%

⁽¹⁾ Northern Trust Investments, Inc. (“NTI” or the “Investment Adviser”) has contractually agreed to reimburse certain expenses of the Fund. Reimbursed amounts are charged first against “Management Fees” and then, if necessary, against “Other Expenses” to the extent they exceed “Management Fees.” The contractual reimbursement arrangement is expected to continue until at least July 31, 2012. After this date, NTI or the Fund may terminate the contractual arrangement. The Fund’s Board of Trustees may terminate the contractual arrangement at any time if it determines that it is in the best interest of the Fund and its shareholders.

EXAMPLE

The following Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
\$46	\$153	\$270	\$612

PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGIES

The Fund seeks to achieve its objective by investing primarily in high quality short-term municipal instruments, the interest on which is exempt from regular federal income tax and California state personal income tax. The high level of income sought by the Fund is relative to yields currently available in the tax-exempt marketplace. Municipal instruments may include:

- Fixed, variable and floating rate notes and similar debt instruments;
- Asset-backed securities that are considered municipal instruments (such as trust certificates backed by municipal bonds);
- Tax-exempt commercial paper;
- Municipal bonds, notes, paper or other instruments; and
- Municipal bonds and notes that are guaranteed as to principal and interest or backed by the U.S. government or by its agencies, instrumentalities or sponsored enterprises.

Except in extraordinary circumstances, at least 80% of the Fund’s net assets will be invested in debt instruments that pay interest that is exempt from regular federal income tax. In addition, under normal circumstances, at least 80% of the Fund’s net assets will be invested in instruments that pay income that is exempt from California state personal income tax. These may include certain securities of issuers located outside of the State of California.

The Fund limits its investments in Alternative Minimum Tax (“AMT”) obligations (also known as “private activity bonds”), so that the Fund ordinarily will not invest in such obligations except during temporary defensive periods or when non-AMT obligations are unavailable. AMT obligations pay interest that may be treated as an item of tax preference to shareholders under the federal AMT. To the extent that the Fund invests in AMT obligations, a portion of the Fund’s dividends may be subject to federal income tax for shareholders subject to AMT.

The Securities and Exchange Commission imposes strict requirements on the investment quality, maturity, and diversification of the Fund’s investments. Accordingly, the Fund’s investments must have a remaining maturity of no more than 397 days and must be high quality. The Investment Adviser may consider, among other things, credit, interest rate and prepayment risks as well as general market conditions when deciding whether to buy or sell investments for the Fund.

During temporary defensive periods, all or any portion of the Fund's assets may be held uninvested or invested in AMT obligations and taxable instruments. Taxable investments may consist of investments such as U.S. dollar-denominated government, bank and commercial obligations and repurchase agreements. Cash assets are not income-generating and therefore would impact the Fund's current yield. The Fund may not achieve its investment objective when this temporary defensive strategy is used.

The Fund is "non-diversified" under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, and may potentially invest, subject to SEC regulations, more of its assets in fewer issuers than "diversified" mutual funds.

PRINCIPAL RISKS

STABLE NAV RISK is the risk that the Fund will not be able to maintain an NAV per share of \$1.00 at all times. A significant enough market disruption or drop in market prices of securities held by the Fund, especially at a time when the Fund needs to sell securities to meet shareholder redemption requests, could cause the value of the Fund's shares to decrease to a price less than \$1.00 per share.

INTEREST RATE RISK is the risk that during periods of rising interest rates, the Fund's yield (and the market value of its securities) will tend to be lower than prevailing market rates; in periods of falling interest rates, the Fund's yield (and the market value of its securities) will tend to be higher.

GUARANTOR (OR CREDIT ENHANCEMENT) RISK is the risk that changes in credit quality of a U.S. or foreign bank, insurance company or other financial institution or such entity's failure to fulfill its obligations could cause the Fund's investments to decline in value. Adverse developments in the banking or bond insurance industries also may negatively affect the Fund.

PREPAYMENT (OR CALL) RISK is the risk that prepayment of the underlying mortgages or other collateral of some fixed-income securities may result in a decreased rate of return and a decline in value of those securities.

DEBT EXTENSION RISK is the risk that an issuer will exercise its right to pay principal on an obligation held by the Fund (such as an asset-backed security) later than expected. This may happen during a period of rising interest rates. Under these circumstances, the value of the obligation will decrease and the Fund will suffer from the inability to invest in higher yielding securities.

INCOME RISK is the risk that falling interest rates will cause the Fund's income to decline. Income risk is generally higher for short-term debt securities.

MANAGEMENT RISK is the risk that a strategy used by the investment management team may fail to produce the intended results.

CREDIT (OR DEFAULT) RISK is the risk that the inability or unwillingness of an issuer or guarantor of a fixed-income security, or a counterparty to a repurchase or other transaction, to meet its payment or other financial obligations will adversely affect the value of the Fund's investments and its yield. Changes in the credit rating of a debt security held by the Fund could have a similar effect.

PROJECT/INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT BOND RISK is the risk that the Fund may be more sensitive to an adverse economic, business or political development if it invests more than 25% of its assets in municipal instruments, the interest upon which is paid solely from revenues of similar projects, or in industrial development bonds.

TAX RISK is the risk that future legislative or administrative changes or court decisions may materially affect the value of municipal instruments or the ability of the Fund to pay tax-exempt dividends.

MUNICIPAL MARKET VOLATILITY RISK is the risk that the Fund may be adversely affected by the volatile municipal market. The municipal market can be significantly affected by adverse tax, legislative, or political changes and the financial condition of the issuers of municipal securities.

CALIFORNIA-SPECIFIC RISK is the risk that the Fund will be more exposed to risks associated with the negative aspects of California's economy, political system and government financing structures than a fund that invests more widely. Unfavorable developments in any economic sector may have a substantial impact on the overall California municipal market. Provisions of the California Constitution and state statutes that limit the taxing and spending authority of California governmental entities may impair the ability of California issuers to pay principal and/or interest on their obligations. While California's economy is broad, it does have major concentrations in high technology, aerospace and defense-related manufacturing, trade, entertainment, real estate and financial services, and may be sensitive to economic problems affecting those industries. Future California political and economic developments, constitutional amendments, legislative measures, executive orders, administrative regulations, litigation and voter initiatives could have an adverse effect on the debt obligations of California issuers. As of June 2011, California had one of the lowest credit ratings of any state in the country.

NON-DIVERSIFICATION RISK is the risk that the Fund may be more susceptible to adverse financial, economic or other developments affecting any single issuer, and more susceptible

CALIFORNIA MUNICIPAL MONEY MARKET FUND

to greater losses because of these developments, than if it were diversified.

An investment in the Fund is not a deposit of any bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, any other government agency, or The Northern Trust Company, its affiliates, subsidiaries or any other bank. Although the Fund seeks to preserve the value of your investment at \$1.00 per share, it is possible to lose money by investing in the Fund.

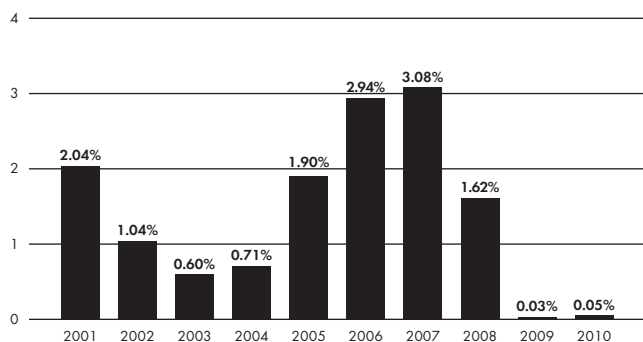
FUND PERFORMANCE

The bar chart and table that follow provide an indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the performance of the Fund from year to year.

The Fund's past performance is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future.

Updated performance information for the Fund is available and may be obtained on the Fund's Web site at www.northernfunds.com or by calling 800-595-9111.

CALENDAR YEAR TOTAL RETURN*



* Year to date total return for the six months ended June 30, 2011 is 0.01%. For the periods shown in the bar chart above, the highest quarterly return was 0.79% in the third quarter of 2007, and the lowest quarterly return was 0.00% in the fourth quarter of 2009.

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURN

(For the periods ended December 31, 2010)

	Inception Date	1-Year	5-Year	10-Year	Since Inception
California Municipal Money Market Fund	11/29/94	0.05%	1.53%	1.40%	2.06%

The 7-day yield for the Fund as of December 31, 2010: 0.07%. For the current 7-day yield call 800-595-9111 or visit www.northernfunds.com.

MANAGEMENT

INVESTMENT ADVISER. Northern Trust Investments, Inc., an indirect subsidiary of Northern Trust Corporation, serves as the Investment Adviser of the Fund.

PURCHASE AND SALE OF FUND SHARES

You may purchase Fund shares through your account at Northern Trust or an authorized intermediary or you may open an account directly with Northern Funds (the "Trust") with a minimum initial investment of \$2,500 in the Fund (\$500 for an IRA; \$250 under the Automatic Investment Plan; and \$500 for employees of Northern Trust and its affiliates). The minimum subsequent investment is \$50 (except for reinvestments of distributions for which there is no minimum). The Fund reserves the right to waive these minimums.

On any business day, you may sell (redeem) or exchange shares through your account by contacting your Northern Trust account representative or authorized intermediary. If you purchase shares directly from the Trust, you may sell (redeem) or exchange your shares in one of the following ways:

- By Mail – Send a written request to: Northern Funds, P.O. Box 75986, Chicago, Illinois 60675-5986.
- By Telephone – Authorize the telephone privilege on your New Account Application. Call 800-595-9111 to use the telephone privilege.
- By Wire – Authorize wire redemptions on your New Account Application and have proceeds sent by federal wire transfer to a previously designated account (the minimum redemption amount by this method is \$250). You will be charged \$15 for each wire redemption unless the designated account is maintained at Northern Trust or an affiliated bank. Call 800-595-9111 for instructions.
- By Check – If you authorize the checkwriting privilege on your New Account Application, you may redeem shares of the Fund by check in amounts of \$250 or more.
- By Systematic Withdrawal – If you own shares of the Fund with a minimum value of \$10,000, you may elect to have a fixed sum redeemed at regular intervals and distributed in cash or reinvested in one or more other funds of the Trust. Call 800-595-9111 for an application form and additional information. The minimum amount is \$250 per withdrawal.
- By Exchange – Complete the Exchange Privilege section of your New Account Application to exchange shares of one fund in the Trust for shares of another fund in the Trust. Shares being exchanged must have a value of at least \$1,000 (\$2,500 if a new account is being established by the exchange, \$500 if the new account is an IRA). Call 800-595-9111 for more information.

- By Internet – You may initiate transactions between Northern Trust banking and Fund accounts by using Northern Trust Private Passport. For details and to sign up for this service, go to www.northernfunds.com or contact your Relationship Manager.

TAX INFORMATION

The Fund's distributions may be taxable as ordinary income or capital gain. However, the Fund anticipates that substantially all of its income dividends will be "exempt-interest dividends" that are generally exempt from regular federal income tax and California state personal income taxes. In certain instances, dividends paid by the Fund, while exempt from regular federal income tax, may be subject to the federal AMT. Tax-exempt institutions, IRAs and other tax advantaged retirement accounts will not gain an additional benefit through investment in the Fund because such investors are already tax-exempt.

PAYMENTS TO BROKERS-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES

If you purchase the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's Web site for more information.

MONEY MARKET FUND

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The Fund is a money market fund that seeks to maintain a stable net asset value (“NAV”) of \$1.00 per share. The Fund seeks to maximize current income to the extent consistent with the preservation of capital and maintenance of liquidity by investing exclusively in high quality money market instruments.

FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund.

Shareholder Fees (fees paid directly from your investment)

None

Annual Fund Operating Expenses (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

Management Fees	0.25%
Distribution (12b-1) Fees	0.00%
Other Expenses	0.23%
Administration Fees	0.10%
Transfer Agency Fees	0.10%
Other Operating Expenses	0.03%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	0.48%
Expense Reimbursement ⁽¹⁾	(0.03)%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Expense Reimbursement	0.45%

⁽¹⁾ Northern Trust Investments, Inc. (“NTI” or the “Investment Adviser”) has contractually agreed to reimburse certain expenses of the Fund. Reimbursed amounts are charged first against “Management Fees” and then, if necessary, against “Other Expenses” to the extent they exceed “Management Fees.” The contractual reimbursement arrangement is expected to continue until at least July 31, 2012. After this date, NTI or the Fund may terminate the contractual arrangement. The Fund’s Board of Trustees may terminate the contractual arrangement at any time if it determines that it is in the best interest of the Fund and its shareholders.

EXAMPLE

The following Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
\$46	\$151	\$266	\$601

PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGIES

The Fund seeks to achieve its objective by investing in a broad range of high-quality, U.S. dollar-denominated government, bank and commercial obligations that are available in the money markets, including:

- Obligations of U.S. banks (including obligations of foreign branches of such banks);
- Obligations of foreign commercial banks;
- Commercial paper and other obligations issued or guaranteed by U.S. and foreign corporations and other issuers;
- Corporate bonds, notes, paper and other instruments that are of high-quality;
- Asset-backed securities, asset-backed commercial paper and structured notes;
- Securities issued or guaranteed as to principal and interest by the U.S. government or by its agencies, instrumentalities or sponsored enterprises and custodial receipts with respect thereto;
- Securities issued or guaranteed by one or more foreign governments or political subdivisions, agencies or instrumentalities;
- Repurchase agreements relating to the above instruments; and
- Municipal securities issued or guaranteed by state or local governmental bodies.

The Securities and Exchange Commission imposes strict requirements on the investment quality, maturity, and diversification of the Fund’s investments. Accordingly, the Fund’s investments must have a remaining maturity of no more than 397 days and must be high quality. The Investment Adviser may consider, among other things, credit, interest rate and prepayment risks as well as general market conditions when deciding whether to buy or sell investments for the Fund.

During extraordinary market conditions and interest rate environments, some portion of the Fund’s total net assets may be uninvested. In such cases, a portion of the Fund’s assets may be held in cash in the Fund’s custody account. Cash assets are not income-generating and therefore would impact the Fund’s current yield. During this time, the Fund may not meet its investment objective.

PRINCIPAL RISKS

STABLE NAV RISK is the risk that the Fund will not be able to maintain an NAV per share of \$1.00 at all times. A significant enough market disruption or drop in market prices of securities

held by the Fund, especially at a time when the Fund needs to sell securities to meet shareholder redemption requests, could cause the value of the Fund's shares to decrease to a price less than \$1.00 per share.

INTEREST RATE RISK is the risk that during periods of rising interest rates, the Fund's yield (and the market value of its securities) will tend to be lower than prevailing market rates; in periods of falling interest rates, the Fund's yield (and the market value of its securities) will tend to be higher.

GUARANTOR (OR CREDIT ENHANCEMENT) RISK is the risk that changes in credit quality of a U.S. or foreign bank, insurance company or other financial institution or such entity's failure to fulfill its obligations could cause the Fund's investments to decline in value. Adverse developments in the banking or bond insurance industries also may negatively affect the Fund.

PREPAYMENT (OR CALL) RISK is the risk that prepayment of the underlying mortgages or other collateral of some fixed-income securities may result in a decreased rate of return and a decline in value of those securities.

DEBT EXTENSION RISK is the risk that an issuer will exercise its right to pay principal on an obligation held by the Fund (such as an asset-backed security) later than expected. This may happen during a period of rising interest rates. Under these circumstances, the value of the obligation will decrease and the Fund will suffer from the inability to invest in higher yielding securities.

INCOME RISK is the risk that falling interest rates will cause the Fund's income to decline. Income risk is generally higher for short-term debt securities.

MANAGEMENT RISK is the risk that a strategy used by the investment management team may fail to produce the intended results.

STRUCTURED SECURITIES RISK is the risk that loss may result from the Fund's investments in structured securities. Structured securities may be more volatile, less liquid and more difficult to price accurately than less complex securities due to their derivative nature. As a result, investments in structured securities may adversely affect the Fund's NAV. In some cases it is possible that the Fund may suffer a total loss on its investment in a structured security.

CREDIT (OR DEFAULT) RISK is the risk that the inability or unwillingness of an issuer or guarantor of a fixed-income security, or a counterparty to a repurchase or other transaction, to meet its payment or other financial obligations will adversely affect the value of the Fund's investments and its yield. Changes in the credit rating of a debt security held by the Fund could have a similar effect.

FOREIGN SECURITIES RISK is the risk that a foreign security, even if it is a U.S. dollar-denominated foreign security, could lose value as a result of political, financial and economic events in foreign countries, less stringent foreign securities regulations and accounting and disclosure standards or other factors.

An investment in the Fund is not a deposit of any bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, any other government agency, or The Northern Trust Company, its affiliates, subsidiaries or any other bank. Although the Fund seeks to preserve the value of your investment at \$1.00 per share, it is possible to lose money by investing in the Fund.

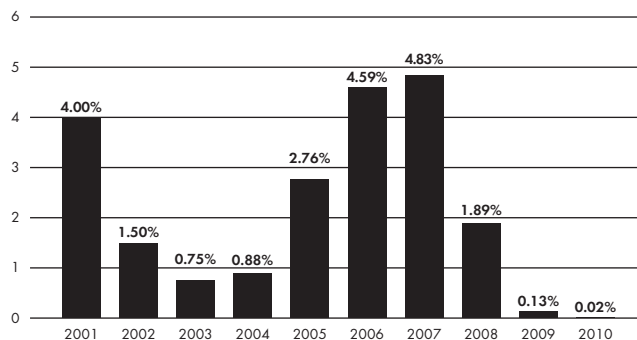
FUND PERFORMANCE

The bar chart and table that follow provide an indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the performance of the Fund from year to year.

The Fund's past performance is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future.

Updated performance information for the Fund is available and may be obtained on the Fund's Web site at www.northernfunds.com or by calling 800-595-9111.

CALENDAR YEAR TOTAL RETURN*



* Year to date total return for the six months ended June 30, 2011 is 0.02%. For the periods shown in the bar chart above, the highest quarterly return was 1.36% in the first quarter of 2001, and the lowest quarterly return was 0.00% in the second quarter of 2010.

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURN

(For the periods ended December 31, 2010)

	Inception Date	1-Year	5-Year	10-Year	Since Inception
Money Market Fund	4/11/94	0.02%	2.27%	2.12%	3.36%

The 7-day yield for the Fund as of December 31, 2010: 0.03%. For the current 7-day yield call 800-595-9111 or visit www.northernfunds.com.

MONEY MARKET FUND

MANAGEMENT

INVESTMENT ADVISER. Northern Trust Investments, Inc., an indirect subsidiary of Northern Trust Corporation, serves as the Investment Adviser of the Fund.

PURCHASE AND SALE OF FUND SHARES

You may purchase Fund shares through your account at Northern Trust or an authorized intermediary or you may open an account directly with Northern Funds (the "Trust") with a minimum initial investment of \$2,500 in the Fund (\$500 for an IRA; \$250 under the Automatic Investment Plan; and \$500 for employees of Northern Trust and its affiliates). The minimum subsequent investment is \$50 (except for reinvestments of distributions for which there is no minimum). The Fund reserves the right to waive these minimums.

On any business day, you may sell (redeem) or exchange shares through your account by contacting your Northern Trust account representative or authorized intermediary. If you purchase shares directly from the Trust, you may sell (redeem) or exchange your shares in one of the following ways:

- By Mail – Send a written request to: Northern Funds, P.O. Box 75986, Chicago, Illinois 60675-5986.
- By Telephone – Authorize the telephone privilege on your New Account Application. Call 800-595-9111 to use the telephone privilege.
- By Wire – Authorize wire redemptions on your New Account Application and have proceeds sent by federal wire transfer to a previously designated account (the minimum redemption amount by this method is \$250). You will be charged \$15 for each wire redemption unless the designated account is maintained at Northern Trust or an affiliated bank. Call 800-595-9111 for instructions.
- By Check – If you authorize the checkwriting privilege on your New Account Application, you may redeem shares of the Fund by check in amounts of \$250 or more.
- By Systematic Withdrawal – If you own shares of the Fund with a minimum value of \$10,000, you may elect to have a fixed sum redeemed at regular intervals and distributed in cash or reinvested in one or more other funds of the Trust. Call 800-595-9111 for an application form and additional information. The minimum amount is \$250 per withdrawal.
- By Exchange – Complete the Exchange Privilege section of your New Account Application to exchange shares of one fund in the Trust for shares of another fund in the Trust. Shares being exchanged must have a value of at least \$1,000

(\$2,500 if a new account is being established by the exchange, \$500 if the new account is an IRA). Call 800-595-9111 for more information.

- By Internet – You may initiate transactions between Northern Trust banking and Fund accounts by using Northern Trust Private Passport. For details and to sign up for this service, go to www.northernfunds.com or contact your Relationship Manager.

TAX INFORMATION

The Fund's distributions are generally taxable to you as ordinary income, capital gains, or a combination of the two, unless you are investing through a tax-exempt or tax-deferred arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or an individual retirement account. Distributions may be taxable upon withdrawal from tax-deferred accounts.

PAYMENTS TO BROKERS-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES

If you purchase the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's Web site for more information.

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The Fund is a money market fund that seeks to maintain a stable net asset value (“NAV”) of \$1.00 per share. The Fund seeks to provide, to the extent consistent with the preservation of capital and prescribed portfolio standards, a high level of income exempt from regular federal income tax by investing primarily in municipal instruments.

FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund.

Shareholder Fees (fees paid directly from your investment)

None

Annual Fund Operating Expenses (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

Management Fees	0.25%
Distribution (12b-1) Fees	0.00%
Other Expenses	0.23%
Administration Fees	0.10%
Transfer Agency Fees	0.10%
Other Operating Expenses	0.03%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	0.48%
Expense Reimbursement ⁽¹⁾	(0.03)%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Expense Reimbursement	0.45%

⁽¹⁾ Northern Trust Investments, Inc. (“NTI” or the “Investment Adviser”) has contractually agreed to reimburse certain expenses of the Fund. Reimbursed amounts are charged first against “Management Fees” and then, if necessary, against “Other Expenses” to the extent they exceed “Management Fees.” The contractual reimbursement arrangement is expected to continue until at least July 31, 2012. After this date, NTI or the Fund may terminate the contractual arrangement. The Fund’s Board of Trustees may terminate the contractual arrangement at any time if it determines that it is in the best interest of the Fund and its shareholders.

EXAMPLE

The following Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
\$46	\$151	\$266	\$601

PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGIES

The Fund seeks to achieve its objective by investing primarily in high quality short-term municipal instruments, the interest on which is exempt from regular federal income tax. The high level of income sought by the Fund is relative to yields currently available in the tax-exempt marketplace. Municipal instruments may include:

- Fixed, variable and floating rate notes and similar debt instruments;
- Asset-backed securities that are considered municipal instruments (such as trust certificates backed by municipal bonds);
- Tax-exempt commercial paper;
- Municipal bonds, notes, paper or other instruments; and
- Municipal bonds and notes that are guaranteed as principal and interest or backed by the U.S. government or by its agencies, instrumentalities or sponsored enterprises.

Except in extraordinary circumstances, at least 80% of the Fund’s net assets will be invested in debt instruments that pay interest that is exempt from regular federal income tax. The Fund limits its investments in Alternative Minimum Tax (“AMT”) obligations (also known as “private activity bonds”), so that the Fund ordinarily will not invest in such obligations except during temporary defensive periods or when non-AMT obligations are unavailable. AMT obligations pay interest that may be treated as an item of tax preference to shareholders under the federal AMT. To the extent that the Fund invests in AMT obligations, a portion of the Fund’s dividends may be subject to federal income tax for shareholders subject to AMT.

The Securities and Exchange Commission imposes strict requirements on the investment quality, maturity, and diversification of the Fund’s investments. Accordingly, the Fund’s investments must have a remaining maturity of no more than 397 days and must be high quality. The Investment Adviser may consider, among other things, credit, interest rate and prepayment risks as well as general market conditions when deciding whether to buy or sell investments for the Fund.

During temporary defensive periods, all or any portion of the Fund’s assets may be held uninvested or invested in taxable instruments. Taxable investments may consist of investments such as U.S. dollar-denominated government, bank and commercial obligations and repurchase agreements. Cash assets are not income-generating and therefore would impact the Fund’s current yield. The Fund may not achieve its investment objective when this temporary defensive strategy is used.

MUNICIPAL MONEY MARKET FUND

PRINCIPAL RISKS

STABLE NAV RISK is the risk that the Fund will not be able to maintain an NAV per share of \$1.00 at all times. A significant enough market disruption or drop in market prices of securities held by the Fund, especially at a time when the Fund needs to sell securities to meet shareholder redemption requests, could cause the value of the Fund's shares to decrease to a price less than \$1.00 per share.

INTEREST RATE RISK is the risk that during periods of rising interest rates, the Fund's yield (and the market value of its securities) will tend to be lower than prevailing market rates; in periods of falling interest rates, the Fund's yield (and the market value of its securities) will tend to be higher.

GUARANTOR (OR CREDIT ENHANCEMENT) RISK is the risk that changes in credit quality of a U.S. or foreign bank, insurance company or other financial institution or such entity's failure to fulfill its obligations could cause the Fund's investments to decline in value. Adverse developments in the banking or bond insurance industries also may negatively affect the Fund.

PREPAYMENT (OR CALL) RISK is the risk that prepayment of the underlying mortgages or other collateral of some fixed-income securities may result in a decreased rate of return and a decline in value of those securities.

DEBT EXTENSION RISK is the risk that an issuer will exercise its right to pay principal on an obligation held by the Fund (such as an asset-backed security) later than expected. This may happen during a period of rising interest rates. Under these circumstances, the value of the obligation will decrease and the Fund will suffer from the inability to invest in higher yielding securities.

INCOME RISK is the risk that falling interest rates will cause the Fund's income to decline. Income risk is generally higher for short-term debt securities.

MANAGEMENT RISK is the risk that a strategy used by the investment management team may fail to produce the intended results.

STRUCTURED SECURITIES RISK is the risk that loss may result from the Fund's investments in structured securities. Structured securities may be more volatile, less liquid and more difficult to price accurately than less complex securities due to their derivative nature. As a result, investments in structured securities may adversely affect the Fund's NAV. In some cases it is possible that the Fund may suffer a total loss on its investment in a structured security.

CREDIT (OR DEFAULT) RISK is the risk that the inability or unwillingness of an issuer or guarantor of a fixed-income security, or a counterparty to a repurchase or other transaction,

to meet its payment or other financial obligations will adversely affect the value of the Fund's investments and its yield. Changes in the credit rating of a debt security held by the Fund could have a similar effect.

PROJECT/INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT BOND RISK is the risk that the Fund may be more sensitive to an adverse economic, business or political development if it invests more than 25% of its assets in municipal instruments, the interest upon which is paid solely from revenues of similar projects, or in industrial development bonds.

TAX RISK is the risk that future legislative or administrative changes or court decisions may materially affect the value of municipal instruments or the ability of the Fund to pay tax-exempt dividends.

MUNICIPAL MARKET VOLATILITY RISK is the risk that the Fund may be adversely affected by the volatile municipal market. The municipal market can be significantly affected by adverse tax, legislative, or political changes and the financial condition of the issuers of municipal securities.

An investment in the Fund is not a deposit of any bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, any other government agency, or The Northern Trust Company, its affiliates, subsidiaries or any other bank. Although the Fund seeks to preserve the value of your investment at \$1.00 per share, it is possible to lose money by investing in the Fund.

FUND PERFORMANCE

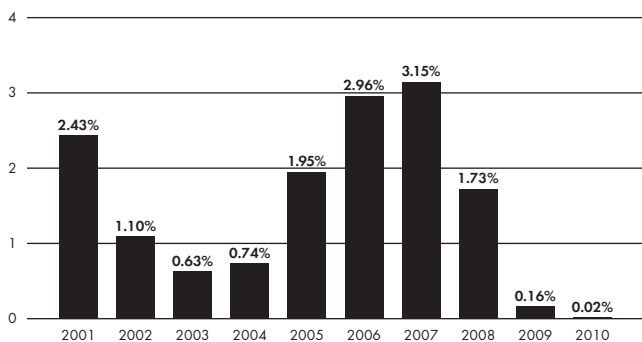
The bar chart and table that follow provide an indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the performance of the Fund from year to year.

The Fund's past performance is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future.

Updated performance information for the Fund is available and may be obtained on the Fund's Web site at www.northernfunds.com or by calling 800-595-9111.

MUNICIPAL MONEY MARKET FUND

CALENDAR YEAR TOTAL RETURN*



* Year to date total return for the six months ended June 30, 2011 is 0.01%. For the periods shown in the bar chart above, the highest quarterly return was 0.81% in the third quarter of 2007, and the lowest quarterly return was 0.00% in the first quarter of 2010.

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURN

(For the periods ended December 31, 2010)

	Inception Date	1-Year	5-Year	10-Year	Since Inception
Municipal Money Market Fund	4/11/94	0.02%	1.59%	1.48%	2.18%

The 7-day yield for the Fund as of December 31, 2010: 0.02%. For the current 7-day yield call 800-595-9111 or visit www.northernfunds.com.

MANAGEMENT

INVESTMENT ADVISER. Northern Trust Investments, Inc., an indirect subsidiary of Northern Trust Corporation, serves as the Investment Adviser of the Fund.

PURCHASE AND SALE OF FUND SHARES

You may purchase Fund shares through your account at Northern Trust or an authorized intermediary or you may open an account directly with Northern Funds (the “Trust”) with a minimum initial investment of \$2,500 in the Fund (\$500 for an IRA; \$250 under the Automatic Investment Plan; and \$500 for employees of Northern Trust and its affiliates). The minimum subsequent investment is \$50 (except for reinvestments of distributions for which there is no minimum). The Fund reserves the right to waive these minimums.

On any business day, you may sell (redeem) or exchange shares through your account by contacting your Northern Trust account representative or authorized intermediary. If you purchase shares directly from the Trust, you may sell (redeem) or exchange your shares in one of the following ways:

- By Mail – Send a written request to: Northern Funds, P.O. Box 75986, Chicago, Illinois 60675-5986.
- By Telephone – Authorize the telephone privilege on your New Account Application. Call 800-595-9111 to use the telephone privilege.
- By Wire – Authorize wire redemptions on your New Account Application and have proceeds sent by federal wire transfer to a previously designated account (the minimum redemption amount by this method is \$250). You will be charged \$15 for each wire redemption unless the designated account is maintained at Northern Trust or an affiliated bank. Call 800-595-9111 for instructions.
- By Check – If you authorize the checkwriting privilege on your New Account Application, you may redeem shares of the Fund by check in amounts of \$250 or more.
- By Systematic Withdrawal – If you own shares of the Fund with a minimum value of \$10,000, you may elect to have a fixed sum redeemed at regular intervals and distributed in cash or reinvested in one or more other funds of the Trust. Call 800-595-9111 for an application form and additional information. The minimum amount is \$250 per withdrawal.
- By Exchange – Complete the Exchange Privilege section of your New Account Application to exchange shares of one fund in the Trust for shares of another fund in the Trust. Shares being exchanged must have a value of at least \$1,000 (\$2,500 if a new account is being established by the exchange, \$500 if the new account is an IRA). Call 800-595-9111 for more information.
- By Internet – You may initiate transactions between Northern Trust banking and Fund accounts by using Northern Trust Private Passport. For details and to sign up for this service, go to www.northernfunds.com or contact your Relationship Manager.

TAX INFORMATION

The Fund’s distributions may be taxable as ordinary income or capital gain. However, the Fund anticipates that substantially all of its income dividends will be “exempt-interest dividends” that are generally exempt from regular federal income taxes. In certain instances, dividends paid by the Fund, while exempt from regular federal income tax, may be subject to the federal AMT. State and local income taxes may apply to all or a portion of the exempt interest dividends paid by the Fund. Tax-exempt institutions, IRAs and other tax advantaged retirement accounts will not gain an additional benefit through investment in the Fund because such investors are already tax-exempt.

MUNICIPAL MONEY MARKET FUND

**PAYMENTS TO BROKERS-DEALERS AND OTHER
FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES**

If you purchase the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's Web site for more information.

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The Fund is a money market fund that seeks to maintain a stable net asset value (“NAV”) of \$1.00 per share. The Fund seeks to maximize current income to the extent consistent with the preservation of capital and maintenance of liquidity by investing exclusively in high quality money market instruments.

FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund.

Shareholder Fees (fees paid directly from your investment)

None

Annual Fund Operating Expenses (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

Management Fees	0.25%
Distribution (12b-1) Fees	0.00%
Other Expenses	0.24%
Administration Fees	0.10%
Transfer Agency Fees	0.10%
Other Operating Expenses	0.04%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	0.49%
Expense Reimbursement ⁽¹⁾	(0.04)%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Expense Reimbursement	0.45%

⁽¹⁾ Northern Trust Investments, Inc. (“NTI” or the “Investment Adviser”) has contractually agreed to reimburse certain expenses of the Fund. Reimbursed amounts are charged first against “Management Fees” and then, if necessary, against “Other Expenses” to the extent they exceed “Management Fees.” The contractual reimbursement arrangement is expected to continue until at least July 31, 2012. After this date, NTI or the Fund may terminate the contractual arrangement. The Fund’s Board of Trustees may terminate the contractual arrangement at any time if it determines that it is in the best interest of the Fund and its shareholders.

EXAMPLE

The following Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
\$46	\$153	\$270	\$612

PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGIES

The Fund seeks to achieve its objective by investing, under normal circumstances, substantially all (and at least 80%) of its net assets in securities issued or guaranteed as to principal and interest by the U.S. government or by its agencies, instrumentalities or sponsored enterprises, and repurchase agreements backed by such securities.

The Fund makes significant investments in securities issued by U.S. government-sponsored entities. Such securities are neither issued nor guaranteed by the U.S. Treasury. Under unusual circumstances, as when appropriate U.S. government securities and repurchase agreements backed by such securities are unavailable, the Fund may also invest in cash equivalents, including money market funds and time deposits with a maturity of three months or less.

The Securities and Exchange Commission imposes strict requirements on the investment quality, maturity, and diversification of the Fund’s investments. Accordingly, the Fund’s investments must have a remaining maturity of no more than 397 days and must be high quality. The Investment Adviser may consider, among other things, credit, interest rate and prepayment risks as well as general market conditions when deciding whether to buy or sell investments for the Fund.

During extraordinary market conditions and interest rate environments, some portion of the Fund’s total net assets may be uninvested. In such cases, a portion of the Fund’s assets may be held in cash in the Fund’s custody account. Cash assets are not income-generating and therefore would impact the Fund’s current yield. During this time, the Fund may not meet its investment objective.

PRINCIPAL RISKS

STABLE NAV RISK is the risk that the Fund will not be able to maintain an NAV per share of \$1.00 at all times. A significant enough market disruption or drop in market prices of securities held by the Fund, especially at a time when the Fund needs to sell securities to meet shareholder redemption requests, could cause the value of the Fund’s shares to decrease to a price less than \$1.00 per share.

INTEREST RATE RISK is the risk that during periods of rising interest rates, the Fund’s yield (and the market value of its securities) will tend to be lower than prevailing market rates; in periods of falling interest rates, the Fund’s yield (and the market value of its securities) will tend to be higher.

GUARANTOR (OR CREDIT ENHANCEMENT) RISK is the risk that changes in credit quality of a U.S. or foreign bank, insurance company or other financial institution or such entity’s failure

U.S. GOVERNMENT MONEY MARKET FUND

to fulfill its obligations could cause the Fund's investments to decline in value. Adverse developments in the banking or bond insurance industries also may negatively affect the Fund.

PREPAYMENT (OR CALL) RISK is the risk that prepayment of the underlying mortgages or other collateral of some fixed-income securities may result in a decreased rate of return and a decline in value of those securities.

DEBT EXTENSION RISK is the risk that an issuer will exercise its right to pay principal on an obligation held by the Fund (such as an asset-backed security) later than expected. This may happen during a period of rising interest rates. Under these circumstances, the value of the obligation will decrease and the Fund will suffer from the inability to invest in higher yielding securities.

INCOME RISK is the risk that falling interest rates will cause the Fund's income to decline. Income risk is generally higher for short-term debt securities.

MANAGEMENT RISK is the risk that a strategy used by the investment management team may fail to produce the intended results.

U.S. GOVERNMENT SECURITIES RISK is the risk that the U.S. government will not provide financial support to its agencies, instrumentalities or sponsored enterprises if it is not obligated to do so by law. Many U.S. government securities purchased by the Fund are not backed by the full faith and credit of the United States. It is possible that the issuers of such securities will not have the funds to meet their payment obligations in the future.

An investment in the Fund is not a deposit of any bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, any other government agency, or The Northern Trust Company, its affiliates, subsidiaries or any other bank. Although the Fund seeks to preserve the value of your investment at \$1.00 per share, it is possible to lose money by investing in the Fund.

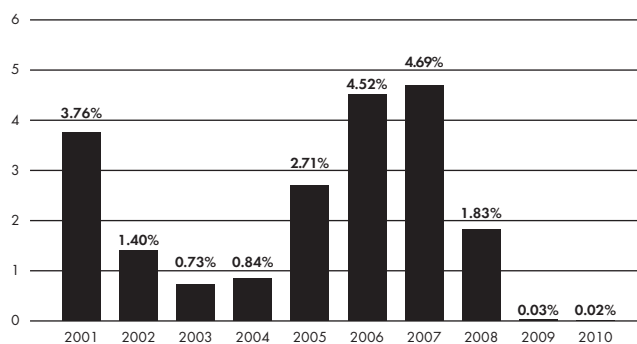
FUND PERFORMANCE

The bar chart and table that follow provide an indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the performance of the Fund from year to year.

The Fund's past performance is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future.

Updated performance information for the Fund is available and may be obtained on the Fund's Web site at www.northernfunds.com or by calling 800-595-9111.

CALENDAR YEAR TOTAL RETURN*



* Year to date total return for the six months ended June 30, 2011 is 0.01%. For the periods shown in the bar chart above, the highest quarterly return was 1.32% in the first quarter of 2001, and the lowest quarterly return was 0.00% in the second quarter of 2010.

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURN

(For the periods ended December 31, 2010)

	Inception Date	1-Year	5-Year	10-Year	Since Inception
U.S. Government Money Market Fund	4/11/94	0.02%	2.20%	2.04%	3.27%

The 7-day yield for the Fund as of December 31, 2010: 0.02%. For the current 7-day yield call 800-595-9111 or visit www.northernfunds.com.

MANAGEMENT

INVESTMENT ADVISER. Northern Trust Investments, Inc., an indirect subsidiary of Northern Trust Corporation, serves as the Investment Adviser of the Fund.

PURCHASE AND SALE OF FUND SHARES

You may purchase Fund shares through your account at Northern Trust or an authorized intermediary or you may open an account directly with Northern Funds (the "Trust") with a minimum initial investment of \$2,500 in the Fund (\$500 for an IRA; \$250 under the Automatic Investment Plan; and \$500 for employees of Northern Trust and its affiliates). The minimum subsequent investment is \$50 (except for reinvestments of distributions for which there is no minimum). The Fund reserves the right to waive these minimums.

On any business day, you may sell (redeem) or exchange shares through your account by contacting your Northern Trust account representative or authorized intermediary. If you purchase shares directly from the Trust, you may sell (redeem) or exchange your shares in one of the following ways:

- By Mail – Send a written request to: Northern Funds, P.O. Box 75986, Chicago, Illinois 60675-5986.

U.S. GOVERNMENT MONEY MARKET FUND

- By Telephone – Authorize the telephone privilege on your New Account Application. Call 800-595-9111 to use the telephone privilege.
- By Wire – Authorize wire redemptions on your New Account Application and have proceeds sent by federal wire transfer to a previously designated account (the minimum redemption amount by this method is \$250). You will be charged \$15 for each wire redemption unless the designated account is maintained at Northern Trust or an affiliated bank. Call 800-595-9111 for instructions.
- By Check – If you authorize the checkwriting privilege on your New Account Application, you may redeem shares of the Fund by check in amounts of \$250 or more.
- By Systematic Withdrawal – If you own shares of the Fund with a minimum value of \$10,000, you may elect to have a fixed sum redeemed at regular intervals and distributed in cash or reinvested in one or more other funds of the Trust. Call 800-595-9111 for an application form and additional information. The minimum amount is \$250 per withdrawal.
- By Exchange – Complete the Exchange Privilege section of your New Account Application to exchange shares of one fund in the Trust for shares of another fund in the Trust. Shares being exchanged must have a value of at least \$1,000 (\$2,500 if a new account is being established by the exchange, \$500 if the new account is an IRA). Call 800-595-9111 for more information.
- By Internet – You may initiate transactions between Northern Trust banking and Fund accounts by using Northern Trust Private Passport. For details and to sign up for this service, go to www.northernfunds.com or contact your Relationship Manager.

PAYMENTS TO BROKERS-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES

If you purchase the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's Web site for more information.

TAX INFORMATION

The Fund's distributions are generally taxable to you as ordinary income, capital gains, or a combination of the two, unless you are investing through a tax-exempt or tax-deferred arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or an individual retirement account. Distributions may be taxable upon withdrawal from tax-deferred accounts.

U.S. GOVERNMENT SELECT MONEY MARKET FUND

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The Fund is a money market fund that seeks to maintain a stable net asset value (“NAV”) of \$1.00 per share. The Fund seeks to maximize current income to the extent consistent with the preservation of capital and maintenance of liquidity by investing exclusively in high quality money market instruments.

FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund.

Shareholder Fees (fees paid directly from your investment)

None

Annual Fund Operating Expenses (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

Management Fees	0.25%
Distribution (12b-1) Fees	0.00%
Other Expenses	0.23%
Administration Fees	0.10%
Transfer Agency Fees	0.10%
Other Operating Expenses	0.03%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	0.48%
Expense Reimbursement ⁽¹⁾	(0.03)%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Expense Reimbursement	0.45%

⁽¹⁾ Northern Trust Investments, Inc. (“NTI” or the “Investment Adviser”) has contractually agreed to reimburse certain expenses of the Fund. Reimbursed amounts are charged first against “Management Fees” and then, if necessary, against “Other Expenses” to the extent they exceed “Management Fees.” The contractual reimbursement arrangement is expected to continue until at least July 31, 2012. After this date, NTI or the Fund may terminate the contractual arrangement. The Fund’s Board of Trustees may terminate the contractual arrangement at any time if it determines that it is in the best interest of the Fund and its shareholders.

EXAMPLE

The following Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
\$46	\$151	\$266	\$601

PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGIES

The Fund seeks to achieve its objective by investing, under normal circumstances, substantially all (and at least 80%) of its net assets in securities issued or guaranteed as to principal and interest by the U.S. government or by its agencies, instrumentalities or sponsored enterprises. Under normal circumstances, the Fund will seek to acquire only those U.S. government securities paying interest that generally is exempt from state income taxation. These securities include obligations issued by the U.S. Treasury and certain U.S. government agencies, instrumentalities or sponsored enterprises, such as the Federal Home Loan Bank and the Federal Farm Credit Banks Funding Corp.

The Securities and Exchange Commission imposes strict requirements on the investment quality, maturity, and diversification of the Fund’s investments. Accordingly, the Fund’s investments must have a remaining maturity of no more than 397 days and must be high quality. The Investment Adviser may consider, among other things, credit, interest rate and prepayment risks as well as general market conditions when deciding whether to buy or sell investments for the Fund.

Under unusual circumstances, as when appropriate securities that are exempt from state taxes are unavailable, the Fund also may invest in non-exempt U.S. government securities and cash equivalents, including money market funds and time deposits with a maturity of three months or less, and hold uninvested cash. Cash assets are not income-generating and therefore would impact the Fund’s current yield. During this time, the Fund may not meet its investment objective.

The Fund makes significant investments in securities issued by U.S. government-sponsored entities. Such securities are neither issued nor guaranteed by the U.S. Treasury.

PRINCIPAL RISKS

STABLE NAV RISK is the risk that the Fund will not be able to maintain an NAV per share of \$1.00 at all times. A significant enough market disruption or drop in market prices of securities held by the Fund, especially at a time when the Fund needs to sell securities to meet shareholder redemption requests, could cause the value of the Fund’s shares to decrease to a price less than \$1.00 per share.

INTEREST RATE RISK is the risk that during periods of rising interest rates, the Fund’s yield (and the market value of its securities) will tend to be lower than prevailing market rates; in periods of falling interest rates, the Fund’s yield (and the market value of its securities) will tend to be higher.

U.S. GOVERNMENT SELECT MONEY MARKET FUND

GUARANTOR (OR CREDIT ENHANCEMENT) RISK is the risk that changes in credit quality of a U.S. or foreign bank, insurance company or other financial institution or such entity's failure to fulfill its obligations could cause the Fund's investments to decline in value. Adverse developments in the banking or bond insurance industries also may negatively affect the Fund.

PREPAYMENT (OR CALL) RISK is the risk that prepayment of the underlying mortgages or other collateral of some fixed-income securities may result in a decreased rate of return and a decline in value of those securities.

DEBT EXTENSION RISK is the risk that an issuer will exercise its right to pay principal on an obligation held by the Fund (such as an asset-backed security) later than expected. This may happen during a period of rising interest rates. Under these circumstances, the value of the obligation will decrease and the Fund will suffer from the inability to invest in higher yielding securities.

INCOME RISK is the risk that falling interest rates will cause the Fund's income to decline. Income risk is generally higher for short-term debt securities.

MANAGEMENT RISK is the risk that a strategy used by the investment management team may fail to produce the intended results.

U.S. GOVERNMENT SECURITIES RISK is the risk that the U.S. government will not provide financial support to its agencies, instrumentalities or sponsored enterprises if it is not obligated to do so by law. Many U.S. government securities purchased by the Fund are not backed by the full faith and credit of the United States. It is possible that the issuers of such securities will not have the funds to meet their payment obligations in the future.

An investment in the Fund is not a deposit of any bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, any other government agency, or The Northern Trust Company, its affiliates, subsidiaries or any other bank. Although the Fund seeks to preserve the value of your investment at \$1.00 per share, it is possible to lose money by investing in the Fund.

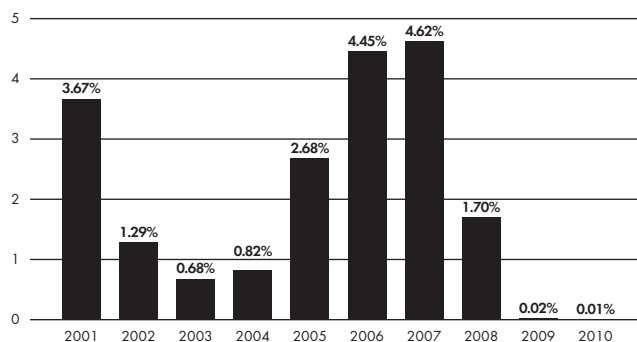
FUND PERFORMANCE

The bar chart and table that follow provide an indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the performance of the Fund from year to year.

The Fund's past performance is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future.

Updated performance information for the Fund is available and may be obtained on the Fund's Web site at www.northernfunds.com or by calling 800-595-9111.

CALENDAR YEAR TOTAL RETURN*



* Year to date total return for the six months ended June 30, 2011 is 0.01%. For the periods shown in the bar chart above, the highest quarterly return was 1.30% in the first quarter of 2001, and the lowest quarterly return was 0.00% in the fourth quarter of 2010.

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURN

(For the periods ended December 31, 2010)

	Inception Date	1-Year	5-Year	10-Year	Since Inception
U.S. Government Select Money Market Fund	12/12/94	0.01%	2.14%	1.98%	3.21%

The 7-day yield for the Fund as of December 31, 2010: 0.01%. For the current 7-day yield call 800-595-9111 or visit www.northernfunds.com.

MANAGEMENT

INVESTMENT ADVISER. Northern Trust Investments, Inc., an indirect subsidiary of Northern Trust Corporation, serves as the Investment Adviser of the Fund.

PURCHASE AND SALE OF FUND SHARES

You may purchase Fund shares through your account at Northern Trust or an authorized intermediary or you may open an account directly with Northern Funds (the "Trust") with a minimum initial investment of \$2,500 in the Fund (\$500 for an IRA; \$250 under the Automatic Investment Plan; and \$500 for employees of Northern Trust and its affiliates). The minimum subsequent investment is \$50 (except for reinvestments of distributions for which there is no minimum). The Fund reserves the right to waive these minimums.

U.S. GOVERNMENT SELECT MONEY MARKET FUND

On any business day, you may sell (redeem) or exchange shares through your account by contacting your Northern Trust account representative or authorized intermediary. If you purchase shares directly from the Trust, you may sell (redeem) or exchange your shares in one of the following ways:

- **By Mail** – Send a written request to: Northern Funds, P.O. Box 75986, Chicago, Illinois 60675-5986.
- **By Telephone** – Authorize the telephone privilege on your New Account Application. Call 800-595-9111 to use the telephone privilege.
- **By Wire** – Authorize wire redemptions on your New Account Application and have proceeds sent by federal wire transfer to a previously designated account (the minimum redemption amount by this method is \$250). You will be charged \$15 for each wire redemption unless the designated account is maintained at Northern Trust or an affiliated bank. Call 800-595-9111 for instructions.
- **By Check** – If you authorize the checkwriting privilege on your New Account Application, you may redeem shares of the Fund by check in amounts of \$250 or more.
- **By Systematic Withdrawal** – If you own shares of the Fund with a minimum value of \$10,000, you may elect to have a fixed sum redeemed at regular intervals and distributed in cash or reinvested in one or more other funds of the Trust. Call 800-595-9111 for an application form and additional information. The minimum amount is \$250 per withdrawal.
- **By Exchange** – Complete the Exchange Privilege section of your New Account Application to exchange shares of one fund in the Trust for shares of another fund in the Trust. Shares being exchanged must have a value of at least \$1,000 (\$2,500 if a new account is being established by the exchange, \$500 if the new account is an IRA). Call 800-595-9111 for more information.
- **By Internet** – You may initiate transactions between Northern Trust banking and Fund accounts by using Northern Trust Private Passport. For details and to sign up for this service, go to www.northernfunds.com or contact your Relationship Manager.

PAYMENTS TO BROKERS-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES

If you purchase the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's Web site for more information.

TAX INFORMATION

The Fund's distributions are generally taxable to you as ordinary income, capital gains, or a combination of the two, unless you are investing through a tax-exempt or tax-deferred arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or an individual retirement account. Distributions may be taxable upon withdrawal from tax-deferred accounts.

INVESTMENT ADVISER

This Prospectus describes five money market funds (each a “Fund,” collectively, the “Funds”), which are currently offered by Northern Funds (the “Trust”).

Northern Trust Investments, Inc. (“NTI” or the “Investment Adviser,” formerly known and conducting business as Northern Trust Investments, N.A.), an indirect subsidiary of Northern Trust Corporation, serves as the Investment Adviser of each of the Funds. NTI is located at 50 South LaSalle Street, Chicago, IL 60603.

NTI is an Illinois State Banking Corporation and an investment adviser registered under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended. It primarily manages assets for institutional and individual separately managed accounts, investment companies and bank common and collective funds.

Northern Trust Corporation is regulated by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System as a financial holding company under the U.S. Bank Holding Company Act of 1956, as amended.

As of June 30, 2011, Northern Trust Corporation, through its affiliates, had assets under custody of \$4.4 trillion, and assets under investment management of \$684.1 billion.

Under the Advisory Agreement with the Trust, the Investment Adviser, subject to the general supervision of the Trust’s Board of Trustees, is responsible for making investment decisions for the Funds and for placing purchase and sale orders for portfolio securities.

ADVISORY FEES

As compensation for advisory services and the assumption of related expenses, the Investment Adviser is entitled to an advisory fee computed daily and payable monthly, at annual rates set forth in the table below (expressed as a percentage of each Fund's respective average daily net assets). The table also reflects the advisory fees paid by the Funds for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2011 (expressed as a percentage of each Fund's respective average daily net assets).

Starting July 31, 2010, the Investment Adviser has contractually agreed to reimburse a portion of each Fund's expenses (other than acquired fund fees and expenses, extraordinary expenses and interest, if any) so that its "Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Expense Reimbursement" do not exceed the amounts shown in the table under the caption "Fees and Expenses of the Fund" in each Fund's Fund Summary (plus acquired fund fees and expenses, extraordinary expenses and interest, if any). Prior to July 31, 2010, these reimbursements

had been voluntary. The contractual reimbursement arrangements are expected to continue until at least July 31, 2012. After this date, the Investment Adviser or a Fund may terminate the contractual arrangements. The Board of Trustees may terminate the contractual arrangement at any time if it determines that it is in the best interest of the Fund and its shareholders.

The Investment Adviser may reimburse additional expenses or waive advisory fees of the Funds. Any such additional expense reimbursement or waiver would be voluntary and could be implemented, increased or decreased, or discontinued at any time.

A discussion regarding the Board of Trustees' basis for its most recent approval of the Funds' Advisory Agreement will be available in the Funds' semiannual report to shareholders for the six-month period ending September 30, 2011.

Fund	Contractual Rate	Advisory Fee Paid for Fiscal Year Ended 3/31/11
CALIFORNIA MUNICIPAL MONEY MARKET ⁽¹⁾	0.25%	0.31%
MONEY MARKET ⁽¹⁾	0.25%	0.30%
MUNICIPAL MONEY MARKET ⁽¹⁾	0.25%	0.30%
U.S. GOVERNMENT MONEY MARKET ⁽¹⁾	0.25%	0.30%
U.S. GOVERNMENT SELECT MONEY MARKET ⁽¹⁾	0.25%	0.30%

(1) Prior to July 31, 2010, the contractual rate for each Fund was 0.40%

OTHER FUND SERVICES

The Northern Trust Company (“TNTC,” together with NTI, referred to as “Northern Trust”) serves as Transfer Agent and Custodian for each Fund. The Transfer Agent performs various shareholder servicing functions, and any shareholder inquiries should be directed to it. In addition, NTI serves as Administrator for the Funds. TNTC also performs certain administrative services for the Funds pursuant to a sub-administration agreement with NTI. NTI pays TNTC for its sub-administration services out of its administration fees and TNTC’s fees do not represent additional expenses to the Funds.

NTI, as Administrator, is entitled to an administration fee from the Funds at the annual rate of 0.10% of the average daily net assets of each Fund. TNTC, as Transfer Agent, is entitled to transfer agency fees of 0.10% of the average daily net assets of each Fund.

TNTC, NTI and other Northern Trust affiliates may provide other services to the Funds and receive compensation for such services, if consistent with the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the “1940 Act”) and the rules, exemptive orders and no-action letters issued by the SEC thereunder. Unless required, investors in a Fund may or may not receive specific notice of such additional services and fees.

Shares of the Trust are distributed by Northern Funds Distributors, LLC (“NFD”), Three Canal Plaza, Suite 100, Portland, Maine, 04101. NFD is not affiliated with TNTC, NTI, or any other Northern Trust affiliate.

PURCHASING AND SELLING SHARES

THE TRUST IS A FAMILY OF NO-LOAD MUTUAL FUNDS THAT OFFERS A SELECTION OF FUNDS TO INVESTORS, EACH WITH A DISTINCT INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE AND RISK/REWARD PROFILE.

The descriptions in the Fund Summaries may help you choose the Fund or Funds that best fit your investment needs. Keep in mind, however, that no Fund can guarantee it will meet its investment objective, and no Fund should be relied upon as a complete investment program. The Trust also offers other funds, including fixed-income, equity and equity index funds, which are described in separate prospectuses.

Please note that the fee and expense information shown under “Fees and Expenses of the Fund” in the Fund Summaries beginning on page 3 does not reflect any charges that may be imposed by TNTC, its affiliates, correspondent banks and other institutions on their customers. (For more information, please see “Account Policies and Other Information – Financial Intermediaries” on page 30.)

PURCHASING SHARES

You may purchase shares directly from the Trust or, if you maintain certain accounts, through Northern Trust and certain other institutions. If you have any questions or need assistance in opening an investment account or purchasing shares, call 800-595-9111.

OPENING AN ACCOUNT

THROUGH AN AUTHORIZED INTERMEDIARY. The Trust may authorize certain institutions acting as financial intermediaries (including banks, trust companies, brokers and investment advisers) to accept purchase orders from their customers on behalf of the Funds. See “Account Policies and Other Information – Financial Intermediaries” on page 30 for additional information regarding purchases of Fund shares through authorized intermediaries.

DIRECTLY FROM THE FUNDS. You may open a shareholder account and purchase shares directly from the Funds with a minimum initial investment per Fund of \$2,500 (\$500 for an IRA; \$250 under the Automatic Investment Plan; and \$500 for employees of Northern Trust and its affiliates). The minimum subsequent investment is \$50 (except for reinvestments of distributions for which there is no minimum). The Funds reserve the right to waive these minimums.

For your convenience, there are a number of ways to invest directly in the Funds:

BY MAIL

- Read this Prospectus carefully.
- Complete and sign the New Account Application.
- Enclose a check payable to Northern Funds.
- If you are investing on behalf of a corporation or other entity, your New Account Application must be accompanied by a Northern Funds Certification Form or other acceptable evidence of authority (if applicable).
- Mail your check, Northern Funds Certification Form or other acceptable evidence of authority (if applicable) and completed New Account Application to:

Northern Funds
P.O. Box 75986
Chicago, Illinois 60675-5986

- Additional documentation may be required to fulfill the requirements of the “Customer Identification Program” described on page 29.
- For overnight delivery use the following address:

Northern Funds
801 South Canal Street
Chicago, Illinois 60607

- For subsequent investments:
 - Enclose your check with the investment slip portion of the confirmation of your previous investment; or
 - Indicate on your check or a separate piece of paper your name, address and account number.

All checks must be payable in U.S. dollars and drawn on a bank located in the United States. Cash, travelers checks, money orders and third party checks are not acceptable.

BY WIRE OR AUTOMATED CLEARING HOUSE (“ACH”) TRANSFER

TO OPEN A NEW ACCOUNT:

- For more information or instructions regarding the purchase of shares, call the Northern Funds Center at 800-595-9111.
- Complete a New Account Application and send it to:

Northern Funds
P.O. Box 75986
Chicago, IL 60675-5986

TO ADD TO AN EXISTING ACCOUNT:

- Have your bank wire federal funds or effect an ACH transfer to:

The Northern Trust Company

Chicago, Illinois

ABA Routing No. 0710-00152

(Reference 10-Digit Fund account number, with no spaces

(e.g., #####))

(Reference Shareholder's Name)

BY DIRECT DEPOSIT**TO PURCHASE ADDITIONAL SHARES:**

- Determine if your employer has direct deposit capabilities through the ACH.
- Have your employer send payments to:

ABA Routing No. 0710-00152

(Reference 10-Digit Fund account number, with no spaces

(e.g., #####))

(Reference Shareholder's Name)

- The minimum periodic investment for direct deposit is \$50.

BY AUTOMATIC INVESTMENT**TO OPEN A NEW ACCOUNT:**

- Complete a New Account Application, including the Automatic Investment section.
- Send it to:

Northern Funds

P.O. Box 75986

Chicago, IL 60675-5986

- The minimum initial investment is \$250; \$50 for monthly minimum additions.

TO ADD TO AN EXISTING ACCOUNT:

- Call 800-595-9111 to obtain an Automatic Investment Plan Form.
- The minimum for automatic investment additions is \$50.

If you discontinue participation in the plan, the Funds reserve the right to redeem your account involuntarily, upon 30 days' written notice, if the account's NAV is \$1,000 or less.

Involuntary redemptions will not be made if the value of shares in an account falls below the minimum amount solely because of a decline in the Fund's NAV.

BY DIRECTED REINVESTMENT

You may elect to have your income dividend and capital gain distributions automatically invested in another Fund account.

- Complete the "Choose Your Dividend and Capital Gain Distributions" section on the New Account Application.
- Reinvestments can only be directed to an existing Fund account (which must meet the minimum investment requirement).

BY EXCHANGE

You may open a new account or add to an existing account by exchanging shares of one Fund of the Trust for shares of any other Fund offered by the Trust. See "Selling Shares – By Exchange."

BY INTERNET

You may initiate transactions between Northern Trust banking and Fund accounts by using Northern Trust Private Passport. For details and to sign up for this service, go to northernfunds.com or contact your Relationship Manager.

THROUGH NORTHERN TRUST AND OTHER INSTITUTIONS

If you have an account with Northern Trust, you may purchase shares through Northern Trust. You also may purchase shares through other financial institutions that have entered into agreements with the Trust. To determine whether you may purchase shares through your institution, contact your institution directly or call 800-595-9111. Northern Trust and other financial institutions may impose charges against your account which will reduce the net return on an investment in a Fund. These charges may include asset allocation fees, account maintenance fees, sweep fees, compensating balance requirements or other charges based upon account transactions, assets or income.

SELLING SHARES

THROUGH AN AUTHORIZED INTERMEDIARY. If you purchase shares from an authorized intermediary, you may sell (redeem) shares by contacting your financial intermediary. See "Account Policies and Other Information – Financial Intermediaries" on page 30 for additional information regarding sales (redemptions) of Fund shares through authorized intermediaries.

REDEEMING AND EXCHANGING DIRECTLY FROM THE FUNDS

If you purchased shares directly or, if you purchased your shares through an account at Northern Trust or another financial institution and you appear on Fund records as the registered holder, you may redeem all or part of your shares using one of the methods described below.

BY MAIL**SEND A WRITTEN REQUEST TO:**

Northern Funds
P.O. Box 75986
Chicago, Illinois 60675-5986

THE REDEMPTION REQUEST MUST INCLUDE:

- The number of shares or the dollar amount to be redeemed;
- The Fund account number;
- The signatures of all account owners;
- A signature guarantee also is required if:
 - The proceeds are to be sent elsewhere than the address of record, or
 - The redemption amount is greater than \$50,000.

BY WIRE

If you authorize wire redemptions on your New Account Application, you can redeem shares and have the proceeds sent by federal wire transfer to a previously designated account.

- You will be charged \$15 for each wire redemption unless the designated account is maintained at Northern Trust or an affiliated bank.
- Call the Transfer Agent at 800-595-9111 for instructions.
- The minimum amount that may be redeemed by this method is \$250.

BY CHECK

If you authorize the checkwriting privilege on your New Account Application, you may redeem shares of the Funds by check in amounts of \$250 or more. If your account is already open:

- Call 800-595-9111 for the appropriate form.
- The application must be signed by each person whose name appears on the account and must be accompanied by a signature guarantee.

- Dividends are earned until the check clears the Transfer Agent.
- Checks you write will not be returned to you, although copies are available upon request.
- A fee of \$20 will be charged to the account if there are insufficient funds to cover the amount of the redemption by check.
- To place a stop payment request, call 800-595-9111. A \$20 fee will be charged to the account.
- You may not use checks to close an account or redeem shares purchased within the past fifteen days.

BY SYSTEMATIC WITHDRAWAL

If you own shares of a Fund with a minimum value of \$10,000, you may elect to have a fixed sum redeemed at regular intervals and distributed in cash or reinvested in one or more other Funds of the Trust.

- Call 800-595-9111 for an application form and additional information.
- The minimum amount is \$250 per withdrawal.

BY EXCHANGE

The Trust offers you the ability to exchange shares of one Fund in the Trust for shares of another Fund in the Trust.

- When opening an account, complete the Exchange Privilege section of the New Account Application or, if your account is already opened, send a written request to:

Northern Funds
P.O. Box 75986
Chicago, IL 60675-5986

- Shares being exchanged must have a value of at least \$1,000 (\$2,500 if a new account is being established by the exchange, \$500 if the new account is an IRA).
- Call 800-595-9111 for more information.

BY TELEPHONE

- If you authorize the telephone privilege on your New Account Application, you may redeem shares by telephone.
- If your account is already opened, send a written request to:

Northern Funds
P.O. Box 75986
Chicago, IL 60675-5986

MONEY MARKET FUNDS

- The request must be signed by each owner of the account and must be accompanied by signature guarantees.
- Call 800-595-9111 to use the telephone privilege.
- During periods of unusual economic or market activity, telephone redemptions may be difficult to implement. In such event, shareholders should follow the procedures outlined on page 25 under “Selling Shares—By Mail” and outlined below under “Selling Shares—By Internet.”

BY INTERNET

You may initiate transactions between Northern Trust banking and Fund accounts by using Northern Trust Private Passport. For details and to sign up for this service, go to northernfunds.com or contact your Relationship Manager.

REDEEMING AND EXCHANGING THROUGH NORTHERN TRUST AND OTHER INSTITUTIONS

If you purchased your shares through an account at Northern Trust or through another financial institution, you may redeem or exchange your shares according to the instructions pertaining to that account.

- Although the Trust imposes no charges when you redeem shares of a Fund, when shares are purchased through an account at Northern Trust or through other financial institutions, a fee may be charged by those institutions for providing services in connection with your account.
- Contact your account representative at Northern Trust or at another financial institution for more information about redemptions or exchanges.

ACCOUNT POLICIES AND OTHER INFORMATION

AUTOMATIC INVESTMENT ARRANGEMENTS. You may purchase shares through your account at Northern Trust either by directing automatic investment of cash balances in excess of certain agreed upon amounts or by directing investments from time to time on a non-automatic basis. Northern Trust will place a purchase order generated under an automatic investment direction either on the Business Day that funds are available in the account or on the next Business Day, depending upon the terms of the automatic investment arrangement. Similarly, Northern Trust will place a redemption order generated under an automatic investment direction either on the Business Day Northern Trust calculates the redemption amount needed to bring the account balance up to the agreed upon amount or on the next Business Day, depending upon the terms of the automatic investment arrangement. If a redemption order is placed on the next Business Day, Northern Trust normally will provide funds by provisionally crediting your account on the day the calculation is made. You should contact Northern Trust for more information about its automatic investment arrangements.

CALCULATING SHARE PRICE. The Trust issues shares and redeems shares at net asset value (“NAV”). The NAV for each Fund is calculated by dividing the value of the Fund’s net assets by the number of the Fund’s outstanding shares. The NAV is calculated on each Business Day as of 1:00 p.m. Central time for each Fund. Fund shares may be priced on days when the New York Stock Exchange (the “Exchange”) is closed if the Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association (“SIFMA”) recommends that the bond markets remain open for all or part of the day. The NAV used in determining the price of your shares is the one calculated after your purchase, exchange or redemption order is received in good order as described on page 29.

Each Fund seeks to maintain an NAV of \$1.00 per share by valuing the obligations held by it at amortized cost in accordance with SEC regulations. Amortized cost will normally approximate fair value.

TIMING OF PURCHASE REQUESTS. Purchase requests received in good order and accepted by the Transfer Agent or other authorized intermediary on any Business Day by 1:00 p.m. Central time will be executed the day they are received by either the Transfer Agent or other authorized intermediary, at that day’s closing share price for the applicable Fund(s), provided that one of the following occurs:

- The Transfer Agent receives the payment in federal or other immediately available funds on the same Business Day by 1:00 p.m. Central time; or
- The requests are placed by a financial or authorized intermediary that has entered into a servicing agreement with the Trust and payment in federal or other immediately

available funds is received by the Transfer Agent by the close of the same Business Day in accordance with the terms of the Trust’s agreement with the intermediary.

Purchase requests received in good order by the Transfer Agent or other authorized intermediary on a non-Business Day or after the deadlines described above on a Business Day will be executed on the next Business Day, at that day’s closing share price for the applicable Fund(s), provided that payment is made as noted above.

IN-KIND PURCHASES AND REDEMPTIONS. The Trust reserves the right to accept payment for shares in the form of securities that are permissible investments for a Fund. The Trust also reserves the right to pay redemptions by a distribution “in-kind” of securities (instead of cash) from a Fund. See the Statement of Additional Information (“SAI”) for further information about the terms of these purchases and redemptions.

MISCELLANEOUS PURCHASE INFORMATION.

- You will be responsible for all losses and expenses of a Fund, and purchase orders may be cancelled, in the event of any failure to make payment according to the procedures outlined in this Prospectus. In addition, a \$20 charge will be imposed if a check does not clear.
- You may initiate transactions between Northern Trust banking and Fund accounts by using Northern Trust Private Passport. For additional details, please go to northernfunds.com or contact your Relationship Manager.
- Exchanges into the Funds from another Fund in the Trust may be subject to any redemption fee imposed by the other Fund.
- Shares of a Fund are entitled to the dividends declared by the Fund beginning on the Business Day the purchase order is executed, provided payment in federal or other immediately available funds is received by the Transfer Agent by the time designated in “Timing of Purchase Requests” above.
- The Trust and NFD each reserves the right, in its sole discretion, to suspend the offering of shares of a Fund or to reject any purchase order, in whole or in part, when, in the judgment of management, such suspension or rejection is in the best interests of the Fund. The Trust also reserves the right to change or discontinue any of its purchase procedures.
- In certain circumstances, the Trust may advance the time by which purchase orders must be received. See “Early Closings” on page 29.
- If the Transfer Agent cannot locate an investor for a period of time specified by appropriate state law, the investor’s account may be deemed legally abandoned and then escheated (transferred) to the state’s unclaimed property administrator in accordance with statutory requirements.

TIMING OF REDEMPTION AND EXCHANGE REQUESTS.

Redemption and exchange requests received in good order by the Transfer Agent or other authorized intermediary on any Business Day by 1:00 p.m. Central time will be executed on the same day at that day's closing share price for the applicable Fund(s).

Redemption and exchange requests received in good order by the Transfer Agent or other authorized intermediary on a non-Business Day or after 1:00 p.m. Central time on a Business Day will be executed the next Business Day at that day's closing share price for the applicable Fund(s).

PAYMENT OF REDEMPTION PROCEEDS. Redemption proceeds normally will be sent or credited on the next Business Day or, if you are redeeming your shares through an authorized intermediary, up to three Business Days, following the Business Day on which such redemption request is received in good order by the deadline noted above, unless payment in immediately available funds on the same Business Day is requested. However, if you have recently purchased shares with a check or through an electronic transaction, payment may be delayed as discussed below under "Miscellaneous Redemption Information."

MISCELLANEOUS REDEMPTION INFORMATION. All redemption proceeds will be sent by check unless the Transfer Agent is directed otherwise. Redemption proceeds also may be wired. Redemptions are subject to the following restrictions:

- The Trust may require any information from the shareholder reasonably necessary to ensure that a redemption request has been duly authorized.
- Redemption requests made to the Transfer Agent by mail must be signed by a person authorized by acceptable documentation on file with the Transfer Agent.
- Dividends on shares are earned through and including the day prior to the day on which they are redeemed.
- The Trust reserves the right, on 30 days' written notice, to redeem the shares held in any account if, at the time of redemption, the NAV of the remaining shares in the account falls below \$1,000. Involuntary redemptions will not be made if the value of shares in an account falls below the minimum solely because of a decline in a Fund's NAV.
- If you are redeeming recently purchased shares by check or electronic transaction, your redemption request may not be paid until your check or electronic transaction has cleared. This may delay your payment for up to 10 days.
- The Trust and the Transfer Agent reserve the right to redeem shares held by any shareholder who provides incorrect or incomplete account information or when such involuntary

redemptions are necessary to avoid adverse consequences to the Trust and its shareholders or the Transfer Agent.

- You may initiate transactions between Northern Trust banking and the Trust's accounts by using Northern Trust Private Passport. For additional details, please go to northernfunds.com or contact your Relationship Manager.
- The Trust reserves the right to change or discontinue any of its redemption procedures.
- The Trust reserves the right to defer crediting, sending or wiring redemption proceeds for up to 7 days (or such longer period permitted by the SEC) after receiving the redemption order if, in its judgment, an earlier payment could adversely affect a Fund.
- The Trust does not permit redemption proceeds to be sent by outgoing International ACH Transaction ("IAT"). An IAT is a payment transaction involving a financial institution's office located outside U.S. territorial jurisdiction.
- In certain circumstances, the Trust may advance the time by which redemption and exchange orders must be received. See "Early Closings" on page 29.

EXCHANGE PRIVILEGES. You may exchange shares of one Fund in the Trust for shares of another Fund in the Trust only if the registration of both accounts is identical. Both accounts must have the same owner's name and title, if applicable. An exchange is a redemption of shares of one Fund and the purchase of shares of another Fund in the Trust. If the shares redeemed are held in a taxable account, an exchange is considered a taxable event and may result in a gain or loss. The Trust reserves the right to waive or modify minimum investment requirements in connection with exchanges.

The Trust reserves the right to change or discontinue the exchange privilege at any time upon 60 days' written notice to shareholders and to reject any exchange request. Exchanges are only available in states where an exchange can legally be made. Before making an exchange, you should read the Prospectus for the shares you are acquiring.

EXCESSIVE TRADING IN FUND SHARES. The Board of Trustees of the Trust has not adopted, on behalf of the Funds, policies and procedures with respect to frequent purchases and redemptions of Fund shares in light of the nature and high quality of the Funds' investments. Each Fund reserves the right to refuse a purchase order if management of the Funds determines that the purchase may not be in the best interests of the Funds.

TELEPHONE TRANSACTIONS. All calls may be recorded or monitored. The Transfer Agent has adopted procedures in an effort to establish reasonable safeguards against fraudulent telephone transactions. If reasonable measures are taken to

verify that telephone instructions are genuine, the Trust and its service providers will not be responsible for any loss resulting from fraudulent or unauthorized instructions received over the telephone. In these circumstances, shareholders will bear the risk of loss. During periods of unusual market activity, you may have trouble placing a request by telephone. In this event, consider sending your request in writing or follow the procedures found on pages 24 or 26 for initiating transactions by the Internet.

The proceeds of redemption orders received by telephone will be sent by check, wire or transfer according to proper instructions. All checks will be made payable to the shareholder of record and mailed only to the shareholder's address of record.

The Trust reserves the right to refuse a telephone redemption.

MAKING CHANGES TO YOUR ACCOUNT INFORMATION. You may make changes to wiring instructions only in writing. You may make changes to an address of record or certain other account information in writing or by telephone. Written instructions must be accompanied by a signature guarantee from an institution participating in the Stock Transfer Agency Medallion Program ("STAMP"), or other acceptable evidence of authority (if applicable). Additional requirements may be imposed. In accordance with SEC regulations, the Trust and Transfer Agent may charge a shareholder reasonable costs in locating a shareholder's current address.

SIGNATURE GUARANTEES. If a signature guarantee is required, it must be from an institution participating in STAMP, or other acceptable evidence of authority (if applicable) must be provided. Additional requirements may be imposed by the Trust. In addition to the situations described in this Prospectus, the Trust may require signature guarantees in other circumstances based on the amount of a redemption request or other factors.

BUSINESS DAY. A "Business Day" is each Monday through Friday when the Transfer Agent or the Exchange is open for business. For any given calendar year, the Funds will be closed on the following holidays or as observed: New Year's Day, Martin Luther King, Jr. Day, Presidents' Day, Good Friday, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day and Christmas Day.

GOOD ORDER. A purchase, redemption or exchange request is considered to be "in good order" when all necessary information is provided and all required documents are properly completed, signed and delivered, including a completed Northern Funds Certification Form or other acceptable evidence of authority (if applicable). Requests must include the following:

- The account number (if issued) and Fund name;
- The amount of the transaction, in dollar amount or number of shares;
- For redemptions and exchanges (other than online, telephone or wire redemptions), the signature of all account owners exactly as they are registered on the account;
- Required signature guarantees, if applicable;
- Other supporting legal documents and certified resolutions that might be required in the case of estates, corporations, trusts and other entities or forms of ownership. Call 800-595-9111 for more information about documentation that may be required of these entities.

Additionally, a purchase order initiating the opening of an account will not be considered to be "in good order" unless the investor has provided all information required by the Trust's "Customer Identification Program" described below.

CUSTOMER IDENTIFICATION PROGRAM. Federal law requires the Trust to obtain, verify and record identifying information, which may include the name, residential or business street address, date of birth (for an individual), social security or taxpayer identification number or other identifying information for each investor who opens or reopens an account with the Trust. Applications without this information, or without an indication that a social security or taxpayer identification number has been applied for, may not be accepted. After acceptance, to the extent permitted by applicable law or the Trust's customer identification program, the Trust reserves the right to: (a) place limits on account transactions until the investor's identity is verified; (b) refuse an investment in the Trust; or (c) involuntarily redeem an investor's shares and close an account in the event that an investor's identity is not verified. The Trust and its agents will not be responsible for any loss in an investor's account resulting from an investor's delay in providing all required identifying information or from closing an account and redeeming an investor's shares when an investor's identity is not verified.

EARLY CLOSINGS. The Funds reserve the right to advance the time for accepting purchase, redemption or exchange orders for same Business Day credit when the Exchange and/or the bond market close early, trading on the Exchange is restricted, an emergency arises or as otherwise permitted by the SEC. In addition, on any Business Day when SIFMA recommends that the bond markets close early, each Fund reserves the right to close at or prior to the SIFMA recommended closing time. If a Fund does so, it will cease granting same Business Day credit for purchase and redemption orders received at the Fund's closing time and credit will be given on the next Business Day. The Board of Trustees of the Funds also may, for any Business Day, decide to change the time as of which a Fund's NAV is

calculated in response to new developments such as altered trading hours, or as otherwise permitted by the SEC.

EMERGENCY OR UNUSUAL EVENTS. In the event the Exchange does not open for business because of an emergency or unusual event, the Trust may, but is not required to, open one or more Funds for purchase, redemption and exchange transactions if the Federal Reserve wire payment system is open. To learn whether a Fund is open for business during an emergency situation or unusual event, please call 800-595-9111 or visit northernfunds.com.

FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES. The Trust may authorize certain institutions acting as financial intermediaries (including banks, trust companies, brokers and investment advisers) to accept purchase, redemption and exchange orders from their customers on behalf of the Funds. These authorized intermediaries also may designate other intermediaries to accept such orders, if approved by the Trust. A Fund will be deemed to have received an order when the order is accepted by the authorized intermediary, and the order will be priced at the Fund's per share NAV next determined, provided that the authorized intermediary forwards the order (and payment for any purchase order) to the Transfer Agent on behalf of the Trust within agreed-upon time periods. If the order (or payment for any purchase order) is not received by the Transfer Agent within such time periods, the authorized intermediary may be liable for fees and losses and the transaction may be cancelled.

The Trust may enter into agreements with certain financial intermediaries, including affiliates of Northern Trust, that perform support and/or distribution services for their customers who own Fund shares ("Service Organizations"). These support services may include:

- assisting investors in processing purchase, exchange and redemption requests;
- processing dividend and distribution payments from the Funds;
- providing information to customers showing their positions in the Funds; and
- providing subaccounting with respect to Fund shares beneficially owned by customers or the information necessary for subaccounting.

In addition, Service Organizations may provide distribution services, such as the forwarding of sales literature and advertising to their customers, in connection with the distribution of Fund shares.

For their services, Service Organizations may receive fees from a Fund at annual rates of up to 0.25% of the average daily NAV

of the shares covered by their agreements. Because these fees are paid out of the Funds' assets on an on-going basis, they will increase the cost of your investment in the Funds.

Northern Trust also may provide compensation to certain dealers and other financial intermediaries, including affiliates of Northern Trust, for marketing and distribution in connection with the Trust. Northern Trust may also sponsor informational meetings, seminars and other similar programs designed to market the Trust. The amount of such compensation and payments may be made on a one-time and/or periodic basis, and may represent all or a portion of the annual fees earned by the Investment Adviser (after adjustments). The additional compensation and payments will be paid by Northern Trust or its affiliates and will not represent an additional expense to the Trust or its shareholders. Such payments may provide incentives for financial intermediaries to make shares of the Funds available to their customers, and may allow the Funds greater access to such parties and their customers than would be the case if no payments were paid.

Investors purchasing shares of a Fund through a financial intermediary should read their account agreements with the financial intermediary carefully. A financial intermediary's requirements may differ from those listed in this Prospectus. A financial intermediary also may impose account charges, such as asset allocation fees, account maintenance fees and other charges that will reduce the net return on an investment in a Fund. If an investor has agreed with a particular financial intermediary to maintain a minimum balance and the balance falls below this minimum, the investor may be required to redeem all or a portion of the investor's investment in a Fund.

Conflict of interest restrictions may apply to the receipt of compensation by a Service Organization or other financial intermediary in connection with the investment of fiduciary funds in Fund shares. Institutions, including banks regulated by the Comptroller of the Currency, Federal Reserve Board and state banking commissions, and investment advisers and other money managers subject to the jurisdiction of the SEC, the Department of Labor or state securities commissions, are urged to consult their legal counsel.

State securities laws regarding the registration of dealers may differ from federal law. As a result, Service Organizations and other financial intermediaries investing in the Funds on behalf of their customers may be required to register as dealers.

Agreements that contemplate the provision of distribution services by Service Organizations and other financial intermediaries are governed by a Distribution and Service Plan (the "Plan") that has been adopted by the Trust pursuant to Rule 12b-1 under the 1940 Act. Payments to Service Organizations and other financial intermediaries, including

Northern Trust, under the Plan are not tied directly to their own out-of-pocket expenses and therefore may be used as they elect (for example, to defray their overhead expenses), and may exceed their direct and indirect costs. As of this date, the Plan has not been implemented with respect to the Funds. The Plan may be implemented at any time without further Board of Trustees approval. During the last fiscal year, the Funds did not pay any 12b-1 fees. The Funds do not expect to pay any 12b-1 fees during the current fiscal year. The maximum distribution fee is 0.25% of each Fund's average net assets under the Plan.

PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS. The Funds, or their duly authorized service providers, may publicly disclose holdings of all Funds in accordance with regulatory requirements, such as periodic portfolio disclosure in filings with the SEC.

A complete schedule of each Fund's holdings, current as of month end, will be available on the Trust's Web site at northernfunds.com no earlier than ten (10) calendar days after the end of the respective period. This information will remain available on the Web site at least until the Funds file with the SEC their semiannual/annual shareholder report or quarterly portfolio holdings report that includes such period. The Funds may terminate or modify this policy at any time without further notice to shareholders.

The Trust also publishes on its Web site, no later than the fifth business day of each month and for a period of not less than six months, certain information regarding portfolio holdings of each Fund as of the last business day of the prior month. Certain portfolio information concerning the Funds will be provided in monthly holdings reports to the SEC on Form

N-MFP. Form N-MFP will be made available to the public by the SEC 60 days after the end of the month to which the information pertains, and a link to each of the most recent 12 months of filings on Form N-MFP will be provided on the Trust's Web site.

A further description of the Trust's Policy on Disclosure of Portfolio Holdings is available in the SAI.

SHAREHOLDER COMMUNICATIONS. Shareholders of record will be provided each year with a semiannual report showing portfolio investments and other information as of September 30 and with an annual report containing audited financial statements as of March 31. If you have consented to the delivery of a single copy of shareholder reports, prospectuses, proxy statements or information statements to all shareholders who share the same mailing address with your account, you may revoke your consent at any time by contacting the Northern Funds Center by telephone at 800-595-9111 or by mail at Northern Funds, P.O. Box 75986, Chicago, IL 60675-5986. You also may send an e-mail to northern-funds@ntrs.com. The Funds will begin sending individual copies to you within 30 days after receipt of your revocation.

The Trust may reproduce this Prospectus in electronic format that may be available on the Internet. If you have received this Prospectus in electronic format you, or your representative, may contact the Transfer Agent for a free paper copy of this Prospectus by writing to the Northern Funds Center at P.O. Box 75986, Chicago, IL 60675-5986, calling 800-595-9111 or by sending an e-mail to: northern-funds@ntrs.com.

DIVIDENDS AND DISTRIBUTIONS**DIVIDENDS AND CAPITAL GAIN DISTRIBUTIONS OF EACH FUND ARE AUTOMATICALLY REINVESTED IN ADDITIONAL SHARES OF THE SAME FUND WITHOUT ANY SALES CHARGE.**

You may, however, elect to have dividends or capital gain distributions (or both) paid in cash or reinvested in shares of another Fund in the Trust at its NAV per share. If you would like to receive dividends or distributions in cash or have them reinvested in another Fund in the Trust, you must notify the Transfer Agent in writing. This election will become effective for distributions paid two days after its receipt by the Transfer Agent. Dividends and distributions only may be reinvested in a Fund in the Trust in which you maintain an account.

Dividend and capital gain distributions that are returned to a Fund as undeliverable will be reinvested into your account upon return receipt at the Fund's then current NAV. Also, future distributions will be reinvested until the Fund receives valid delivery instructions.

Each Fund's net investment income is declared as a dividend on each Business Day and paid monthly. Dividends will also be paid promptly upon a total redemption of shares in an account not subject to a standing order for the purchase of additional shares. Net investment income includes interest accrued on the Fund's assets less the Fund's estimated expenses. Net realized short-term capital gains may be distributed from time to time during the Trust's fiscal year (but not less frequently than annually). The Funds do not expect to realize net long-term capital gains. Shares begin earning dividends on the day an order is executed if payment in immediately available funds is received by the Transfer Agent by the time designated on page 27 under "Timing of Purchase Requests." Otherwise, shares begin earning dividends on the day payment in federal or other immediately available funds is received. Shares earn dividends through and including the day prior to the day they are redeemed.

TAX CONSIDERATIONS

The following is a summary of certain tax considerations that may be relevant to an investor in a Fund. The discussions of the federal tax consequences in this Prospectus and the SAI are based on the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the “Code”) and the regulations issued under it, and court decisions and administrative interpretations, as in effect on the date of this Prospectus. Future legislative or administrative changes or court decisions may significantly alter the statements included herein, and any such changes or decisions may be retroactive. Except where otherwise indicated, the discussion relates to shareholders who are individual United States citizens or residents and is based on current tax law. You should consult your tax advisor for further information regarding federal, state, local and/or foreign tax consequences relevant to your specific situation.

Each Fund intends to qualify as a regulated investment company for federal tax purposes, and contemplates declaring as dividends each year all or substantially all of its taxable income, including its net capital gain, if any (excess of long-term capital gain over short-term capital loss). Fund distributions will generally be taxable as ordinary income, except as discussed below. You will be subject to income tax on taxable Fund distributions regardless of whether they are paid in cash or reinvested in additional shares. You will be notified annually of the tax status of distributions to you. The one major exception to these tax principles is that distributions on shares held in an IRA (or other tax-qualified plan) will not be currently taxable.

You should note that the Funds do not expect to pay dividends that are eligible for the reduced tax rate on corporate dividends. This is because the Funds will generally be invested in debt instruments and not in shares of stock on which dividend income will be received. Therefore, dividends paid by the Funds will also not be eligible for the dividends-received deduction for corporate shareholders.

Dividends and distributions from each Fund will generally be taxable to you in the tax year in which they are paid, with one exception. Dividends and distributions declared by a Fund in October, November or December and paid in January are taxed as though they were paid by December 31.

If you (a) have provided either an incorrect Social Security Number or Taxpayer Identification Number or no number at all, (b) are subject to withholding by the Internal Revenue Service for prior failure to properly include on your return payments of interest or dividends, or (c) have failed to certify to the Trust, when required to do so, that you are not subject to backup withholding or are an “exempt recipient,” then the Trust will be required in certain cases to withhold and remit to the Internal Revenue Service 28% of the dividends and distributions payable to you.

Except as stated below, you may be subject to state and local taxes on Fund distributions and redemptions. State income taxes may not apply, however, to the portions of each Fund’s distributions, if any, that are attributable to interest on certain types of federal securities or interest on securities issued by the particular state or municipalities within the state.

There are certain tax requirements that each Fund must follow in order to qualify as a regulated investment company and to avoid federal income taxation. In their efforts to adhere to these requirements, the Funds may have to limit their investment activity in some types of instruments.

MUNICIPAL MONEY MARKET AND CALIFORNIA MUNICIPAL MONEY MARKET FUNDS. The Municipal Money Market and California Municipal Money Market Funds (the “Municipal Funds”) expect to pay “exempt-interest dividends” that are generally exempt from regular federal income tax. However, a portion of the exempt-interest dividends paid by the Municipal Funds generally will be an item of tax preference for purposes of determining federal AMT liability. Exempt-interest dividends will also be considered along with other adjusted gross income in determining whether any Social Security or railroad retirement payments received by you are subject to federal income taxes.

The California Municipal Money Market Fund expects to pay dividends that are generally exempt from California personal income tax. This exemption will apply, however, only to dividends that are derived from interest paid on California municipal instruments or on certain federal obligations. In addition, dividends paid by this Fund will be subject to state corporate franchise and corporate income taxes, if applicable.

In all cases, distributions, if any, derived from net long-term capital gains will generally be taxable to you as long-term capital gains, and any dividends derived from short-term capital gains and taxable interest income will be taxable to you as ordinary income.

Interest on indebtedness incurred by a shareholder to purchase or carry shares of the Municipal Funds generally will not be deductible for federal income tax purposes.

CONSULT YOUR TAX PROFESSIONAL. Your investment in the Funds could have additional tax consequences. You should consult your tax professional for information regarding all tax consequences applicable to your investments in the Funds. More tax information is provided in the SAI. This short summary is not intended as a substitute for careful tax planning.

SECURITIES, TECHNIQUES AND RISKS

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES, PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGIES AND RELATED RISKS

All investments carry some degree of risk that will affect the value of a Fund, its yield and investment performance and the price of its shares. An investment in each of the Funds is not a deposit of any bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the FDIC, any other government agency or Northern Trust. Although each of the Funds seeks to preserve the value of your investment at \$1.00 per share, it is possible to lose money by investing in the Funds. This section takes a closer look at some of the Funds' principal investment strategies and related risks.

The Funds seek to maintain a stable NAV of \$1.00 per share. Consistent with this policy, each of the Funds:

- Limits its dollar-weighted average portfolio maturity to 60 days or less;
- Limits its dollar-weighted average portfolio maturity without regard to maturity shortening provisions applicable to variable and floating rate securities (also known as dollar-weighted average portfolio life) to 120 days or less;
- Buys securities with remaining maturities of 397 days or less (except for certain variable and floating rate instruments and securities collateralizing repurchase agreements); and
- Invests only in U.S. dollar-denominated securities that represent minimal credit risks.

SEC regulations require each Fund to limit its dollar-weighted average portfolio maturity to 60 days or less, and its dollar-weighted average portfolio life to 120 days or less. Each Fund also is required to comply with SEC requirements with respect to the liquidity of the Fund's investments. Specifically, each Fund (except the California Municipal Money Market and Municipal Money Market Funds) is required to hold at least 10% of its total assets in "daily liquid assets," and each Fund is required to hold at least 30% of its total assets in "weekly liquid assets." Daily liquid assets include cash, U.S. Treasury securities and securities that will mature or are subject to a demand feature that is exercisable and payable within one business day. Weekly liquid assets include cash, U.S. Treasury securities, agency discount notes with remaining maturities of 60 days or less and securities that will mature or are subject to a demand feature that is exercisable and payable within five business days.

In addition, each Fund limits its investments to "Eligible Securities" as defined by the SEC. Eligible Securities include, generally, securities that either (a) have short-term debt ratings at the time of purchase in the two highest rating categories by a Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organization

("NRSRO") or (b) are issued or guaranteed by, or otherwise allow a Fund to demand payment from, an issuer with those ratings. Securities that are unrated (including securities of issuers that have long-term but not short-term ratings) may be deemed to be Eligible Securities if they are determined to be of comparable quality by the Investment Adviser under the direction of the Board of Trustees. After its purchase, a portfolio security may be assigned a lower rating or cease to be rated. If this occurs, a Fund may continue to hold the issue if the Investment Adviser believes it is in the best interest of the Fund and its shareholders. Securities that are in the highest short-term rating category (and comparable unrated securities) are called "First Tier Securities." Under normal circumstances, the Money Market, U.S. Government and U.S. Government Select Funds intend to limit purchases of securities to First Tier Securities. Securities in which the Funds may invest may not earn as high a level of income as long-term or lower quality securities, which generally have greater market risk and more fluctuation in market value.

In accordance with current SEC regulations, each Fund generally will not invest more than 5% of the value of its total assets at the time of purchase in the securities of any single issuer. The Funds may, however, invest up to 25% of their total assets in the securities of a single issuer for up to three Business Days. These limitations do not apply to cash, certain repurchase agreements, U.S. government securities or securities of other investment companies. In addition, securities subject to certain unconditional guarantees and securities that are not First Tier Securities as defined by the SEC are subject to different diversification requirements as described in the SAI.

Stable NAV risk is the risk that a Fund will not be able to maintain an NAV per share of \$1.00 at all times. A significant enough market disruption or drop in market prices of securities held by a Fund, especially at a time when the Fund needs to sell securities to meet shareholder redemption requests, could cause the value of the Fund's shares to decrease to a price less than \$1.00 per share. The U.S. government has taken numerous steps to alleviate these market concerns, including without limitation, acquiring ownership interests in distressed institutions. However, there is no assurance that such actions will be successful. Continuing market problems and government intervention in the economy may adversely affect the Funds.

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES. A Fund's investment objective may be changed by the Trust's Board of Trustees without shareholder approval. Shareholders will, however, be notified of any changes. Any such change may result in a Fund having an investment objective different from the objective that the shareholder considered appropriate at the time of investment in the Fund.

ASSET-BACKED SECURITIES. Asset-backed securities are sponsored by entities such as government agencies, banks, financial companies and commercial or industrial companies. Asset-backed securities represent participations in, or are secured by and payable from, pools of assets such as mortgages, motor vehicle installment sale contracts, installment loan contracts, leases of various types of real and personal property, receivables from revolving credit (credit card) agreements, municipal securities and other financial assets.

Such asset pools are securitized through the use of privately-formed trusts or special purpose corporations. Payments or distributions of principal and interest may be guaranteed up to certain amounts and for a certain time period by a letter of credit or a pooled insurance policy issued by a financial institution, or by other credit enhancements.

INVESTMENT STRATEGY. The U.S. Government Money Market Fund and U.S. Government Select Money Market Fund may purchase asset-backed securities (such as mortgage-backed securities) that are issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government or by its agencies, instrumentalities or sponsored enterprises. The Money Market Fund, Municipal Money Market Fund and California Municipal Money Market Fund may purchase these and other types of asset-backed securities that are “Eligible Securities” as defined by the SEC.

SPECIAL RISKS. In addition to credit and market risk, asset-backed securities may involve prepayment risk because the underlying assets (loans) may be prepaid at any time. Prepayment (or call) risk is the risk that an issuer will exercise its right to pay principal on an obligation held by a Fund (such as an asset-backed security) sooner than expected. This may happen during a period of falling interest rates. Accordingly, a Fund’s ability to maintain positions in such securities will be affected by reductions in the principal amount of such securities resulting from prepayments, and its ability to reinvest the returns of principal at comparable yields is subject to generally prevailing interest rates at that time. The value of these securities also may change because of actual or perceived changes in the creditworthiness of the originator, the service agent, the financial institution providing the credit support, or the counterparty. Credit supports generally apply only to a fraction of a security’s value. Like other fixed-income securities, when interest rates rise, the value of an asset-backed security generally will decline. However, when interest rates decline, the value of an asset-backed security with prepayment features may not increase as much as that of other fixed-income securities. In addition, non-mortgage asset-backed securities involve certain risks not presented by mortgage-backed securities. Primarily, these securities do not have the benefit of the same security interest in the underlying collateral. Credit card receivables generally are unsecured, and the debtors are entitled to the

protection of a number of state and federal consumer credit laws. Automobile receivables are subject to the risk that the trustee for the holders of the automobile receivables may not have an effective security interest in all of the obligations backing the receivables. If the issuer of the security has no security interest in the related collateral, there is the risk that a Fund could lose money if the issuer defaults. As a result of the economic recession that commenced in the United States in 2008, there is a heightened risk that the receivables and loans underlying the asset-backed securities purchased by the Funds may suffer greater levels of default than were historically experienced. In addition to prepayment risk, investments in mortgage-backed securities comprised of subprime mortgages and investments in other asset-backed securities of underperforming assets may be subject to a higher degree of credit risk, valuation risk and liquidity risk.

CALIFORNIA MUNICIPAL INSTRUMENTS. The investments of the California Municipal Money Market Fund in California municipal instruments raise special considerations. Payment of the interest on and the principal of these instruments is dependent upon the continuing ability of issuers of California municipal instruments to meet their obligations.

INVESTMENT STRATEGY. Under normal market conditions, at least 80% of the California Municipal Money Market Fund’s net assets will be invested in California municipal instruments. Consequently, the Fund is more susceptible to factors adversely affecting issuers of California municipal instruments, and may be riskier than comparable funds that do not emphasize these issuers to this degree.

SPECIAL RISKS. As described above, the California Municipal Money Market Fund generally will invest at least 80% of its net assets in state and local municipal securities whose income is exempt from regular federal and California State personal income taxes. The Fund is therefore susceptible to political, economic or regulatory developments within the State of California, and to the financial condition of the State, its political authorities and political subdivisions. The information set forth below and the related information contained in the SAI are derived from sources that are generally available to investors. The information is intended to give a recent historical description and is not intended to indicate future or continuing trends in the financial or other positions of California. It should be noted that the creditworthiness of obligations issued by local California issuers may be unrelated to the creditworthiness of obligations issued by the State of California, and that there is no obligation on the part of the State to make payment on such local obligations in the event of default.

The effects of the current global economic downturn have been particularly severe in California due to its sizable housing

market and construction and mortgage industries and structural deficits in the State's General Fund brought on by constitutionally mandated spending requirements matched against highly cyclical revenue sources (predominately based on personal income taxes and sales tax).

The broad decline in economic activity and rise in unemployment across many sectors of the California economy resulted in a State unemployment rate of 11.9% as of April 2011, which is among the highest in the nation.

The weakness in the State economy has caused State tax revenues to decline precipitously in recent years, resulting in large budget gaps and cash shortfalls.

In the course of adopting budget plans for 2008-09, 2009-10 and 2010-11, the State Legislature enacted \$103.6 billion in budget solutions, consisting primarily of expenditure reductions which have affected almost all parts of State government, education, social services and other programs funded by the State. Expenditures have been reduced from \$103.4 billion for 2008-09 in the original 2008-09 Budget Act adopted in September 2008, to \$86.5 billion for 2010-2011 in the final version of the 2010-11 Budget Act adopted in October 2010. Likewise, the projected annual General Fund revenues have dropped from an estimated \$102 billion for the 2008-09 budget year, in September 2008, to a projected \$94.2 billion for the 2010-11 budget year. Several key assumptions in recent budgets have not been realized, and the State's financial plan continues to be based on a number of assumptions which may not be realized.

On January 10, 2011, the Governor released his initial proposed budget for fiscal year 2011-12 (the "2011-12 Governor's Proposed Budget"). The Governor projected a combined \$25.4 billion gap for the remainder of fiscal year 2010-11 and for the full fiscal year 2011-12. The budget gap between revenues and projected state expenditures included a projected General Fund deficit of \$8.2 billion at the end of 2010-11 (as opposed to the \$1.5 billion reserve balance assumed when the October 2010 budget package was adopted) and an additional \$17.2 billion operating deficit at the end of fiscal year 2011-2012. The 2011-12 Governor's Proposed Budget also included a \$1 billion reserve. The 2011-12 Governor's Proposed Budget addressed the budget gap and reserve by implementing \$12.5 billion in spending reductions, \$14 billion in new revenues and \$1.9 billion in borrowing from special funds and other sources. The additional revenues to be deposited in the General Fund would result in a \$2 billion increase in the minimum funding guarantee for schools and community colleges mandated by Proposition 98. The Governor proposed that certain budget-related legislation be enacted by March 1, 2011 and that two key elements of the 2011-12 Governor's Proposed Budget be approved by voters in a June 2011 special election: extending by

another five years temporary increases to four different taxes enacted in February 2009 and changing Proposition 10 to allow funds set aside to fund early childhood development programs to instead be used in the Medi-Cal Program.

In March 2011, the State Legislature passed and the Governor signed, budget-related legislation that enacted \$11 billion in General Fund solutions – cuts, fund shifts and loans – over the 2010-11 and 2011-12 periods. The State Legislature also passed the 2011-12 Governor's Proposed Budget, which contained an additional \$2.4 billion in expenditure reductions, but it was not sent to the Governor for signature because, although the budget had been approved by a majority of the Legislature, certain features of the budget needed to be approved by the voters in a special election, and the necessary 2/3 of the Legislature needed to put those initiatives in a special election had not been attained. For the same reason, the elements of the 2011-12 Governor's Proposed Budget that the Governor had proposed to be submitted for approval by voters, were not submitted for approval in a June 2011 special election.

The Governor released the revised budget for fiscal year 2011-12 on May 16, 2011 (the "2011-12 Governor's Revised Budget"), which, based on various factors including expenditure actions, fund shifts and other measures approved by the State Legislature in March 2011 and an improvement in State tax collections (mainly due to higher than expected personal income tax collections), projected a reduced combined budget gap of \$9.6 billion. The 2011-12 Governor's Revised Budget increased the reserve from \$1 billion to \$1.2 billion. The 2011-12 Governor's Revised Budget proposed to close the \$9.6 billion anticipated budget deficit through \$11.2 billion in new revenues and \$2.2 billion in spending reductions. The additional revenues to be deposited in the General Fund would result in a \$1.9 billion increase in the minimum funding guarantee for schools and community colleges mandated by Proposition 98. As with the 2011-12 Governor's Proposed Budget, the Governor proposed that two key elements of the 2011-12 Governor's Revised Budget be approved by voters: his major tax proposals and the shift of some State programs to local entities.

After vetoing in its entirety a Legislature-sponsored budget for fiscal year 2011-12 on June 16, 2011, the Governor signed into law a second Legislature-sponsored budget for fiscal year 2011-12 on June 30, 2011 (the "2011-12 Enacted Budget"). The 2011-12 Enacted Budget is only the second on-time California State budget in a decade. It projects a budget gap of \$26.6 billion, and it proposes to close that budget gap through \$15.0 billion in spending reductions, \$0.9 billion in new revenues, an anticipated \$8.3 billion increase in revenues from existing sources and \$2.9 billion in other solutions. The 2011-12 Enacted Budget also decreases the reserve from \$1.2 billion in the 2011-12 Governor's Revised Budget to \$543 million. Under

the 2011-12 Enacted Budget, General Fund spending as a share of the California economy will be at its lowest level since 1972-73. The 2011-12 Enacted Budget will implement \$600 million in additional spending reductions if expected revenues are projected to fall short by more than \$1 billion and will implement \$1.9 billion in additional spending reductions (including the \$600 million in spending reductions above) if expected revenues are projected to fall short by more than \$2 billion. One source of revenue in the 2011-12 Enacted Budget is the imposition of a sales tax on online sales that have not previously been subject to sales tax. The imposition of a California sales tax on such online sales is likely to face legal challenges which makes the State's ability to collect such revenue uncertain. Unlike the 2011-12 Governor's Proposed Budget and 2011-12 Governor's Revised Budget, the 2011-12 Enacted Budget does not propose to have any of its elements approved by voters.

As of June 2011, the State's general obligations were assigned ratings of A- by Fitch Ratings ("Fitch"), A1 by Moody's Investor Services ("Moody's"), and A- by Standard & Poor's Rating Services ("S&P"). These credit ratings are among the lowest assigned to state general obligation bonds in the country.

These ratings reflect the State's credit quality only and do not indicate the creditworthiness of other tax-exempt securities in which the Fund may invest.

In addition to the risk of nonpayment of California municipal instruments, if these obligations decline in quality and are downgraded by a NRSRO, they may become ineligible for purchase by the Fund. Since there are large numbers of buyers of these instruments, the supply of California municipal instruments that are eligible for purchase by the California Municipal Money Market Fund could become inadequate at certain times.

A more detailed description of special factors affecting investments in California municipal instruments is provided in the SAI.

CREDIT (OR DEFAULT) RISK is the risk that an issuer of fixed-income securities held by a Fund may default on its obligation to pay interest and repay principal. Generally, the lower the credit rating of a security, the greater the risk that the issuer of the security will default on its obligation. High quality securities are generally believed to have relatively low degrees of credit risk. The Funds intend to enter into financial transactions with counterparties that are creditworthy at the time of the transactions. There is always the risk that the Investment Adviser's analysis of creditworthiness is incorrect or may change due to market conditions. To the extent that a Fund focuses its transactions with a limited number of counterparties, it will be more susceptible to the risks associated with one or more counterparties.

CUSTODIAL RECEIPTS FOR TREASURY SECURITIES. Custodial receipts are participations in trusts that hold U.S. Treasury securities and are sold under names such as TIGRs and CATS. Like other stripped obligations, they entitle the holder to future interest payments or principal payments on the U.S. Treasury securities.

INVESTMENT STRATEGY. To the extent consistent with their respective investment objectives and strategies, the Funds, other than the U.S. Government Select Money Market Fund, may invest a portion of their assets in custodial receipts. Investments by the U.S. Government Money Market Fund in custodial receipts, if any, are expected to be minimal, and will not exceed 20% of the value of the Fund's net assets.

SPECIAL RISKS. Like other stripped securities (which are described below), stripped custodial receipts may be subject to greater price volatility than ordinary debt obligations because of the way in which their principal and interest are returned to investors.

FOREIGN INVESTMENTS. The Money Market Fund may invest in U.S. dollar-denominated obligations issued or guaranteed by one or more foreign governments or any of their political subdivisions, agencies or instrumentalities, foreign commercial banks and foreign branches of U.S. banks. It also may invest in U.S. dollar-denominated commercial paper and other obligations of foreign issuers. Foreign government obligations may include debt obligations of supranational entities, including international organizations (such as the European Coal and Steel Community and The International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (also known as the World Bank)) and international banking institutions and related government agencies.

INVESTMENT STRATEGY. Investments by the Money Market Fund in foreign issuer obligations will not exceed 50% of the Fund's total assets measured at the time of purchase. The U.S. Government Money Market Fund may make limited investments (but in no event more than 20% of its net assets) in debt obligations of supranational entities.

SPECIAL RISKS. Foreign securities involve special risks and costs, which are considered by the Investment Adviser in evaluating the creditworthiness of issuers and making investment decisions for the Funds. Foreign securities fluctuate in price because of political, financial, social and economic events in foreign countries. A foreign security could also lose value because of more or less stringent foreign securities regulations and less stringent accounting and disclosure standards. In addition, foreign markets may have greater volatility than domestic markets and foreign securities may be less liquid and harder to value than domestic securities. Foreign securities, and in particular foreign debt securities, are sensitive to changes in interest rates. In addition, investment in the securities of

foreign governments involves the risk that foreign governments may default on their obligations or may otherwise not respect the integrity of their debt.

Investment in foreign securities may involve higher costs than investment in U.S. securities, including higher transaction and custody costs as well as the imposition of additional taxes by foreign governments. Foreign investments also may involve risks associated with the level of currency exchange rates, less complete financial information about the issuers, less market liquidity, more market volatility and political instability. Future political and economic developments, the possible imposition of withholding taxes on dividend income, the possible seizure or nationalization of foreign holdings, the possible establishment of exchange controls or freezes on the convertibility of currency, or the adoption of other governmental restrictions might adversely affect an investment in foreign securities. Additionally, foreign banks and foreign branches of domestic banks may be subject to less stringent reserve requirements and to different accounting, auditing and recordkeeping requirements.

GUARANTOR (OR CREDIT ENHANCEMENT) RISK is the risk that changes in credit quality of a U.S. or foreign bank, insurance company or other financial institution or such entity's failure to fulfill its obligations could cause a Fund's investments in securities backed by guarantees, letters of credit, insurance or other credit enhancements issued by such bank or institution to decline in value. Guarantees, letters of credit, insurance or other credit enhancements do not protect a Fund or its shareholders from losses caused by declines in a security's market value. In addition, having multiple securities' credit enhanced by the same enhancement provider will increase the adverse effects on a Fund that are likely to result from a downgrading of, or a default by, such enhancement provider. Adverse developments in the banking or bond insurance industries also may negatively affect a Fund.

INSURANCE FUNDING AGREEMENTS. An insurance funding agreement ("IFA") is an agreement that requires a Fund to make cash contributions to a deposit fund of an insurance company's general account. The insurance company then credits interest to the Fund for a set time period.

INVESTMENT STRATEGY. The Money Market Fund may invest in IFAs issued by insurance companies that meet quality and credit standards established by the Investment Adviser.

SPECIAL RISKS. IFAs are not insured by a government agency – they are backed only by the insurance company that issues them. As a result, they are subject to default risk of the non-governmental issuer. In addition, the transfer of IFAs may be restricted and an active secondary market in IFAs currently does not exist. This means that it may be difficult or impossible to sell an IFA at an appropriate price.

INTEREST RATES. A Fund's yield will vary with changes in interest rates. In a rising interest rate environment, a Fund's yield may not rise as quickly as the yields of certain other short-term investments. Investments held by a Fund with longer maturities will tend to be more sensitive to interest rate changes than investments with shorter maturities.

LIQUIDITY RISK is the risk that a Fund will not be able to pay redemption proceeds within the time periods described in this Prospectus because of unusual market conditions, an unusually high volume of redemption requests or other reasons. Certain portfolio securities may be less liquid than others, which may make them difficult or impossible to sell at the time and the price that a Fund would like. A Fund may have to lower the price, sell other securities instead or forgo an investment opportunity. Any of these events could have a negative effect on portfolio management or performance.

MUNICIPAL AND RELATED INSTRUMENTS. Municipal instruments include debt obligations issued by or on behalf of states, territories and possessions of the United States and their political subdivisions, agencies, authorities and instrumentalities. Municipal instruments include both "general" and "revenue" bonds and may be issued to obtain funds for various public purposes. General obligations are secured by the issuer's pledge of its full faith, credit and taxing power. Revenue obligations are payable only from the revenues derived from a particular facility or class of facilities. In some cases, revenue bonds also are payable from the proceeds of a special excise or other specific revenue source such as lease payments from the user of a facility being financed.

Some municipal instruments, known as private activity bonds, are issued to finance projects for private companies. Private activity bonds are usually revenue obligations since they typically are payable by the private user of the facilities financed by the bonds.

Municipal instruments also include "moral obligation" bonds, municipal leases, certificates of participation and asset-backed securities such as custodial receipts. Moral obligation bonds are supported by a moral commitment but not a legal obligation of a state or municipality. Municipal leases and participation certificates present the risk that the state or municipality involved will not appropriate the monies to meet scheduled payments on an annual basis. Custodial receipts represent interests in municipal instruments held by a trustee or custodian.

The Municipal Funds may each acquire "stand-by commitments" relating to the municipal instruments it holds. Under a stand-by commitment, a dealer agrees to purchase, at the Fund's option, specified municipal instruments at a specified price. A stand-by commitment may increase the cost,

and thereby reduce the yield, of the municipal instruments to which the commitment relates. A Fund will acquire stand-by commitments solely to facilitate portfolio liquidity and does not intend to exercise its rights for trading purposes.

INVESTMENT STRATEGY. Although it is not their current policy to do so on a regular basis, each of the Municipal Funds may invest more than 25% of its total assets in municipal instruments the interest upon which is paid solely from revenues of similar projects. However, these Funds do not intend to invest more than 25% of the value of their total assets in industrial development bonds or similar obligations where the non-governmental entities supplying the revenues to be paid are in the same industry.

The California Municipal Money Market Fund expects to invest principally in California municipal instruments. The Municipal Money Market Fund may also invest more than 25% of the value of its total assets in municipal instruments whose issuers are in the same state.

The Funds, in addition to the Municipal Funds, may invest from time to time in municipal instruments or other securities issued by state and local governmental bodies. Generally, this will occur when the yield of municipal instruments, on a pre-tax basis, is comparable to that of other permitted short-term taxable investments. Dividends paid by the Funds, other than the Municipal Funds, on such investments will be taxable to shareholders.

SPECIAL RISKS. Municipal instruments may be backed by letters of credit, insurance or other forms of credit enhancement issued by foreign and domestic banks, insurance companies and other financial institutions. If the credit quality of these banks and financial institutions declines, a Fund could suffer a loss to the extent that the Fund is relying upon this credit support. Foreign institutions can present special risks relating to higher transaction and custody costs, the imposition of additional taxes by foreign governments, less complete financial information, less market liquidity, more market volatility and political instability. Foreign banks, insurance companies and financial institutions may be subject to less stringent reserve requirements, and to different accounting, auditing and recordkeeping requirements than U.S. banks.

In addition, a single enhancement provider may provide credit enhancement to more than one of a Fund's investments. Having multiple securities credit enhanced by the same enhancement provider will increase the adverse effects on the Fund that are likely to result from a downgrading of, or a default by, such an enhancement provider. Adverse developments in the banking or bond insurance industries also may negatively affect a Fund. Bond insurers that provide credit enhancement for large segments of the fixed-income markets,

particularly the municipal bond market, may be more susceptible to being downgraded or defaulting during recessions or similar periods of economic stress. Municipal bonds may be covered by insurance that guarantees timely interest payments and repayment of principal on maturity. If a bond's insurer fails to fulfill its obligations or loses its credit rating, the value of the bond could drop. Insurance does not protect a Fund or its shareholders from losses caused by declines in a bond's market value.

Also, an insurance company's exposure to securities involving subprime mortgages may cause a municipal bond insurer's rating to be downgraded or may cause the bond insurer to become insolvent, which may affect the prices and liquidity of municipal obligations insured by the insurance company.

In addition, when a substantial portion of a Fund's assets is invested in instruments which are used to finance facilities involving a particular industry, whose issuers are in the same state or which otherwise are related, there is a possibility that an economic, business or political development affecting one instrument would likewise affect the related instrument.

Also, the United States has recently experienced significant disruption to its financial markets impacting the liquidity and volatility of municipal securities, including municipal securities in which the Municipal Funds may invest. Such disruptions to the financial markets may reduce the number of municipal instruments available for purchase by the Funds and could adversely affect the Funds' shareholders by subjecting the income from the Funds to tax. Any of these effects could have a significant impact on the prices of some or all of the municipal instruments held by the Municipal Funds.

REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS. Repurchase agreements involve the purchase of securities by a Fund subject to the seller's agreement to repurchase them at a mutually agreed upon date and price.

INVESTMENT STRATEGY. Each Fund may enter into repurchase agreements with financial institutions such as banks and broker-dealers that are deemed to be creditworthy by the Investment Adviser. The U.S. Government Select Money Market Fund does not intend to invest in repurchase agreements except in unusual circumstances, such as when appropriate securities that are exempt from state taxes are unavailable. Although the securities subject to a repurchase agreement may have maturities exceeding one year, settlement of the agreement will never occur more than one year after a Fund acquires the securities.

SPECIAL RISKS. In the event of a default, a Fund will suffer a loss to the extent that the proceeds from the sale of the underlying securities and other collateral are less than the repurchase price and the Fund's costs associated with delay and enforcement of

the repurchase agreement. In addition, in the event of bankruptcy, a Fund could suffer additional losses if a court determines that the Fund's interest in the collateral is unenforceable by the Fund.

The Funds intend to enter into transactions with counterparties that are creditworthy at the time of the transactions. There is always the risk that the Investment Adviser's analysis of creditworthiness is incorrect or may change due to market conditions. To the extent that a Fund focuses its transactions with a limited number of counterparties, it will be more susceptible to the risks associated with one or more counterparties.

With respect to collateral received in repurchase transactions or other investments, a Fund may have significant exposure to the financial services and mortgage markets. Such exposure, depending on market conditions, could have a negative impact on the Fund, including minimizing the value of any collateral.

STRIPPED SECURITIES. These securities are issued by the U.S. government (or an agency, instrumentality or a sponsored enterprise), foreign governments, banks and other issuers. They entitle the holder to receive either interest payments or principal payments that have been "stripped" from a debt obligation. These obligations include stripped mortgage-backed securities, which are derivative multi-class mortgage securities.

The Treasury Department has facilitated transfers of ownership of zero coupon securities by accounting separately for the beneficial ownership of particular interest coupon and principal payments on Treasury securities through the Federal Reserve book-entry record-keeping system. The Federal Reserve program as established by the Treasury Department is known as "Separate Trading of Registered Interest and Principal of Securities" or "STRIPS." Under the STRIPS program, a Fund will be able to have its beneficial ownership of zero coupon securities recorded directly in the book-entry record-keeping system in lieu of having to hold certificates or other evidences of ownership of the underlying U.S. Treasury securities.

INVESTMENT STRATEGY. To the extent consistent with their respective investment objectives and strategies, the Funds may purchase stripped securities, including securities registered in the STRIPS program.

SPECIAL RISKS. Stripped securities are very sensitive to changes in interest rates and to the rate of principal prepayments. A rapid or unexpected change in either interest rates or principal prepayments could depress the price of stripped securities held by the Funds and adversely affect a Fund's investment performance.

STRUCTURED SECURITIES. The value of such securities is determined by reference to changes in the value of specific currencies, interest rates, commodities, securities, indices or

other financial indicators (the "Reference") or the relative change in two or more References. The interest rate or the principal amount payable upon maturity or redemption may be increased or decreased depending upon changes in the applicable Reference. Examples of structured securities include, but are not limited to, asset-backed commercial paper, structured notes and other debt obligations, where the principal repayment at maturity is determined by the value of a specified security or securities index.

INVESTMENT STRATEGY. Each Fund may invest in structured securities to the extent consistent with its investment objective and strategies.

SPECIAL RISKS. Structured securities present additional risk that the interest paid to a Fund on a structured security will be less than expected. The terms of some structured securities may provide that in certain circumstances no principal is due at maturity and, therefore, a Fund could suffer a total loss of its investment. Structured securities may be positively or negatively indexed, so that appreciation of the Reference may produce an increase or decrease in the interest rate or value of the security at maturity. In addition, changes in the interest rates or the value of the security at maturity may be a multiple of changes in the value of the Reference. Consequently, structured securities may entail a greater degree of market risk than other types of securities. Structured securities also may be more volatile, less liquid and more difficult to accurately price than less complex securities due to their derivative nature.

TAXABLE INVESTMENTS. Taxable investments include U.S. dollar-denominated obligations of U.S. banks, foreign commercial banks and securities issued or guaranteed by foreign governments; high quality commercial paper and other obligations; high quality corporate bonds and notes; asset-backed securities; securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government or by its agencies or instrumentalities and related custodial receipts; and repurchase agreements relating to the above instruments.

INVESTMENT STRATEGY. The Municipal Funds each may invest from time to time, on a temporary basis or for temporary defensive purposes, in short-term taxable instruments that are "Eligible Securities" as defined by the SEC for money market funds.

SPECIAL RISKS. Dividends paid by the Municipal Funds that are derived from interest paid on taxable investments generally will be taxable to each Fund's shareholders as ordinary income for federal income tax purposes. The Municipal Funds may not achieve their investment objectives when their assets are invested in taxable obligations.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT OBLIGATIONS. These instruments include U.S. Treasury obligations, such as bills,

notes and bonds, which generally differ only in terms of their interest rates, maturities and time of issuance. They also include obligations issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government or by its agencies, instrumentalities or sponsored enterprises. Securities guaranteed as to principal and interest by the U.S. government or by its agencies, instrumentalities or sponsored enterprises are deemed to include (a) securities for which the payment of principal and interest is backed by an irrevocable letter of credit issued by the U.S. government or by an agency, instrumentality or sponsored enterprise thereof, (b) securities of private issuers guaranteed as to principal and interest by the U.S. government, its agencies and instrumentalities pursuant to the FDIC Debt Guarantee Program, and (c) participations in loans made to foreign governments or their agencies that are so guaranteed.

INVESTMENT STRATEGY. To the extent consistent with its investment objective and strategies, each Fund may invest in a variety of U.S. Treasury obligations and in obligations issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government or by its agencies, instrumentalities or sponsored enterprises.

SPECIAL RISKS. Not all U.S. government obligations carry the same credit support. Although many U.S. government securities in which the Funds may invest, such as those issued by the Federal National Mortgage Association (“Fannie Mae”), Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (“Freddie Mac”) and Federal Home Loan Banks may be chartered or sponsored by Acts of Congress, their securities are neither issued nor guaranteed by the U.S. Treasury and, therefore, are not backed by the full faith and credit of the United States. Some, such as those of the Government National Mortgage Association (“Ginnie Mae”), are supported by the full faith and credit of the U.S. Treasury. Other obligations, such as those of the Federal Home Loan Banks, are supported by the right of the issuer to borrow from the U.S. Treasury; and others are supported by the discretionary authority of the U.S. government to purchase the agency’s obligations. Still others are supported only by the credit of the instrumentality or sponsored enterprise. The maximum potential liability of the issuers of some U.S. government securities held by a Fund may greatly exceed their current resources, including their legal right to support from the U.S. Treasury. It is possible that these issuers will not have the funds to meet their payment obligations in the future. No assurance can be given that the U.S. government would provide financial support to its agencies, instrumentalities or sponsored enterprises if it is not obligated to do so by law. In addition, the secondary market for certain participations in loans made to foreign governments or their agencies may be limited.

An agency of the U.S. government has placed Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac into conservatorship, a statutory process with the objective of returning the entities to normal business operations. It is unclear what effect this conservatorship will

have on the securities issued or guaranteed by Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac. As a result, these securities are subject to more credit risk than U.S. government securities that are supported by the full faith and credit of the United States (e.g. U.S. Treasury bonds).

To the extent a Fund invests in debt instruments or securities of non-U.S. government entities that are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, pursuant to the FDIC Debt Guarantee Program or other similar programs, there is a possibility that the guarantee provided under the Debt Guarantee Program or other similar programs may be discontinued or modified at a later date.

VARIABLE AND FLOATING RATE INSTRUMENTS. Variable and floating rate instruments have interest rates that periodically are adjusted either at set intervals or that float at a margin tied to a specified index rate. These instruments include variable amount master demand notes and long-term variable and floating rate bonds (sometimes referred to as “Put Bonds”) where a Fund obtains at the time of purchase the right to put the bond back to the issuer or a third party at par at a specified date.

INVESTMENT STRATEGY. Each Fund may invest in variable and floating rate instruments to the extent consistent with its investment objective and strategies.

SPECIAL RISKS. Variable and floating rate instruments are subject to many of the same risks as fixed rate instruments, particularly credit risk. Because there is no active secondary market for certain variable and floating rate instruments, they may be more difficult to sell if the issuer defaults on its payment obligations or during periods when the Funds are not entitled to exercise their demand rights. As a result, the Funds could suffer a loss with respect to these instruments. In addition, variable and floating rate instruments are subject to changes in value based on changes in market interest rates or changes in the issuer’s or guarantor’s creditworthiness.

WHEN-ISSUED SECURITIES, DELAYED DELIVERY TRANSACTIONS AND FORWARD COMMITMENTS. A purchase of “when-issued” securities refers to a transaction made conditionally because the securities, although authorized, have not yet been issued. A delayed delivery or forward commitment transaction involves a contract to purchase or sell securities for a fixed price at a future date beyond the customary settlement period.

INVESTMENT STRATEGY. Each Fund may purchase or sell securities on a when-issued, delayed delivery or forward commitment basis. Although the Funds generally would purchase securities in these transactions with the intention of acquiring the securities, the Funds may dispose of such securities prior to settlement if the investment management team deems it appropriate to do so.

SPECIAL RISKS. Purchasing securities on a when-issued, delayed delivery or forward commitment basis involves the risk that the value of the securities may decrease by the time they actually are issued or delivered. Conversely, selling securities in these transactions involves the risk that the value of the securities may increase by the time they actually are issued or delivered. These transactions also involve the risk that the counterparty may fail to deliver the security or cash on the settlement date.

ADDITIONAL DESCRIPTION OF SECURITIES AND COMMON INVESTMENT TECHNIQUES

BORROWINGS AND REVERSE REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS. The Funds may borrow money from banks and may enter into reverse repurchase agreements with banks and other financial institutions. Reverse repurchase agreements involve the sale of money market securities held by a Fund subject to the Fund's agreement to repurchase them at a mutually agreed upon date and price (including interest).

INVESTMENT STRATEGY. Each Fund may borrow and enter into reverse repurchase agreements in amounts not exceeding one-fourth of its total assets (including the amount borrowed). The Funds may enter into reverse repurchase agreements when the investment management team expects that the interest income to be earned from the investment of the transaction proceeds will be greater than the related interest expense.

SPECIAL RISKS. Borrowings and reverse repurchase agreements involve leveraging. If the securities held by the Funds decline in value while these transactions are outstanding, the NAV of the Funds' outstanding shares will decline in value by proportionately more than the decline in value of the securities. In addition, reverse repurchase agreements involve the risks that (a) the interest income earned by a Fund (from the investment of the proceeds) will be less than the interest expense of the transaction; (b) the market value of the securities sold by a Fund will decline below the price the Fund is obligated to pay to repurchase the securities; and (c) the securities may not be returned to the Fund.

DERIVATIVES. Each Fund may purchase certain "derivative" instruments. A derivative is a financial instrument whose value is derived from, or based upon, the performance of underlying assets, interest rates, or other indices. Derivatives include structured securities such as collateralized mortgage obligations and other types of asset-backed securities, "stripped" securities and various floating rate instruments.

INVESTMENT STRATEGY. A Fund may invest in derivatives when the Investment Adviser believes the potential risks and rewards are consistent with the Fund's objective, strategies and overall risk profile.

SPECIAL RISKS. Engaging in derivative transactions involves special risks, including (a) market risk that the Fund's derivatives position will lose value; (b) credit risk that the counterparty to the transaction will default; (c) leveraging risk that the value of the derivative instrument will decline more than the value of the assets on which it is based; (d) illiquidity risk that a Fund will be unable to sell its position because of lack of market depth or disruption; (e) pricing risk that the value of a derivative instrument will be difficult to determine; and (f) operations risk that loss will occur as a result of inadequate systems or human error. Many types of derivatives have been developed recently and have not been tested over complete market cycles. For these reasons, a Fund may suffer a loss whether or not the analysis of the Investment Adviser is accurate.

ILLIQUID OR RESTRICTED SECURITIES. Illiquid securities include repurchase agreements and time deposits with notice/termination dates of more than seven days, certain variable amount master demand notes that cannot be called within seven days, certain insurance funding agreements (see "Insurance Funding Agreements" above), and other securities that are traded in the U.S. but are subject to trading restrictions because they are not registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "1933 Act"), and both foreign and domestic securities that are not readily marketable.

INVESTMENT STRATEGY. Each Fund may invest up to 5% of its net assets in securities that are illiquid. A domestically traded security that is not registered under the 1933 Act will not be considered illiquid if the Investment Adviser determines that an adequate trading market exists for that security. If otherwise consistent with their investment objectives and strategies, the Funds may purchase commercial paper issued pursuant to Section 4(2) of the 1933 Act and securities that are not registered under the 1933 Act but can be sold to "qualified institutional buyers" in accordance with Rule 144A under the 1933 Act ("Rule 144A Securities"). These securities will not be considered illiquid so long as the Investment Adviser determines, under guidelines approved by the Trust's Board of Trustees, that an adequate trading market exists.

SPECIAL RISKS. Because illiquid and restricted securities may be difficult to sell at an acceptable price, they may be subject to greater volatility and may result in a loss to a Fund. The practice of investing in Rule 144A Securities and commercial paper available to qualified institutional buyers could increase the level of illiquidity during any period that qualified institutional buyers become uninterested in purchasing these securities. Securities purchased by a Fund that are liquid at the time of purchase may subsequently become illiquid due to events relating to the issuer of the securities, market events, economic conditions and/or investor perception.

INVESTMENT COMPANIES. To the extent consistent with their respective investment objectives and strategies, the Funds may invest in securities issued by other affiliated and unaffiliated investment companies.

INVESTMENT STRATEGY. Investments by a Fund in other money market funds will be subject to the limitations of the 1940 Act and SEC orders. Although the Funds do not expect to do so in the foreseeable future, each Fund is authorized to invest substantially all of its assets in an open-end investment company or a series thereof that has substantially the same investment objective, strategies and fundamental restrictions as the Fund.

SPECIAL RISKS. As a shareholder of another investment company, a Fund would be subject to the same risks as any other investor in that company. It would also bear a proportionate share of any fees or expenses paid by that company. These expenses would be in addition to the advisory fees and other expenses the Fund bears directly in connection with its own operations.

TEMPORARY INVESTMENTS. For capital preservation and liquidity, each Fund may have a greater concentration in short-term securities, including investing up to all of its assets in overnight securities, which may result in a reduction of a Fund's yield.

Additionally, the Funds may purchase other types of securities or instruments similar to those described in these sections if otherwise consistent with the Funds' investment objectives and strategies. You should carefully consider the risks discussed in these sections before investing in a Fund.

The Funds may invest in other securities and are subject to further restrictions and risks that are described in the SAI. Additional information about the Funds, their investments and related risks can also be found in "Investment Objectives and Strategies" in the SAI.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

THE FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS TABLES ARE INTENDED TO HELP YOU UNDERSTAND A FUND'S FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE FOR THE PAST FIVE YEARS.

Certain information reflects the financial results for a single Fund share. The total returns in the tables represent the rate that an investor would have earned or lost on an investment in a Fund for a share held for the entire period (assuming reinvestment of all dividends and distributions). This information has been derived from financial statements that have been audited by Deloitte & Touche LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, whose report, along with the Funds' financial statements, is included in the Funds' annual report, which is available upon request and without charge.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED MARCH 31,

CALIFORNIA MUNICIPAL MONEY MARKET FUND

Selected per share data	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Net Asset Value, Beginning of Year	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00
INCOME FROM INVESTMENT OPERATIONS:					
Net investment income (loss)	— ⁽¹⁾	— ⁽¹⁾	0.01	0.03	0.03
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses)	— ⁽²⁾	— ⁽²⁾	—	—	—
Total from Investment Operations	—	—	0.01	0.03	0.03
LESS DISTRIBUTIONS PAID:					
From net investment income	— ⁽³⁾	— ⁽³⁾	(0.01)	(0.03)	(0.03)
Total Distributions Paid	—	—	(0.01)	(0.03)	(0.03)
Net Asset Value, End of Year	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00
Total Return⁽⁴⁾	0.03%	0.03%	1.11%	2.83%	3.06%
SUPPLEMENTAL DATA AND RATIOS:					
Net assets, in thousands, end of year	\$469,628	\$971,027	\$1,620,993	\$1,604,086	\$1,271,227
Ratio to average net assets of:					
Expenses, net of reimbursements and credits	0.27%	0.34% ⁽⁵⁾	0.57% ⁽⁶⁾	0.55%	0.55%
Expenses, before reimbursements and credits	0.57%	0.72%	0.71%	0.69%	0.69%
Net investment income (loss), net of reimbursements and credits ⁽⁷⁾	0.00%	(0.01)%	1.08%	2.75%	2.97%
Net investment income (loss), before reimbursements and credits ⁽⁷⁾	(0.30)%	(0.39)%	0.94%	2.61%	2.83%

(1) Per share amount from net investment income (loss) was less than \$0.01 per share.

(2) Per share amounts from net realized and unrealized gains (losses) were less than \$0.01 per share.

(3) Per share amount from distributions paid from net investment income was less than \$0.01 per share.

(4) Assumes investment at net asset value at the beginning of the year, reinvestment of all dividends and distributions, and a complete redemption of the investment at net asset value at the end of the year.

(5) The net expense ratio includes the fee for participation in the U.S. Department of the Treasury's Temporary Guaranty Program (the "Participation Fee") of approximately \$306,000 which represents 0.03% of average net assets for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2010. Absent the Participation Fee, the net expenses would have been decreased by a corresponding amount.

(6) The net expense ratio includes the Participation Fee of approximately \$360,000 which represents 0.02% of average net assets for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2009. Absent the Participation Fee, the net expenses would have been decreased by a corresponding amount.

(7) The impact on Net Assets due to any custody credits is less than 0.001%.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

MONEY MARKET FUND

Selected per share data	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Net Asset Value, Beginning of Year	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00
INCOME FROM INVESTMENT OPERATIONS:					
Net investment income	— ⁽¹⁾	— ⁽¹⁾	0.01	0.04	0.05
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses)	— ⁽²⁾	— ⁽²⁾	— ⁽²⁾	— ⁽²⁾	—
Total from Investment Operations	—	—	0.01	0.04	0.05
LESS DISTRIBUTIONS PAID:					
From net investment income	— ⁽³⁾	— ⁽³⁾	(0.01)	(0.04)	(0.05)
Total Distributions Paid	—	—	(0.01)	(0.04)	(0.05)
Net Asset Value, End of Year	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00
Total Return⁽⁴⁾	0.03%	0.05%⁽⁵⁾	1.16%⁽⁵⁾	4.42%	4.79%
SUPPLEMENTAL DATA AND RATIOS:					
Net assets, in thousands, end of year	\$7,419,896	\$7,682,040	\$9,744,761	\$11,309,359	\$11,169,215
Ratio to average net assets of:					
Expenses, net of reimbursements and credits	0.30%	0.47% ⁽⁶⁾	0.57% ⁽⁷⁾	0.55%	0.55%
Expenses, before reimbursements and credits	0.55%	0.70%	0.70%	0.68%	0.68%
Net investment income, net of reimbursements and credits ⁽⁸⁾	0.02%	0.05%	1.18%	4.32%	4.71%
Net investment income (loss), before reimbursements and credits ⁽⁸⁾	(0.23)%	(0.18)%	1.05%	4.19%	4.58%

(1) Per share amount from net investment income was less than \$0.01 per share.

(2) Per share amounts from net realized and unrealized gains (losses) were less than \$0.01 per share.

(3) Per share amount from distributions paid from net investment income was less than \$0.01 per share.

(4) Assumes investment at net asset value at the beginning of the year, reinvestment of all dividends and distributions, and a complete redemption of the investment at net asset value at the end of the year.

(5) Without the value of the Capital Support Agreement, the total return would have been 0.23% and 0.97% for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

(6) The net expense ratio includes the fee for participation in the U.S. Department of the Treasury's Temporary Guaranty Program (the "Participation Fee") of approximately \$1,976,000 which represents 0.02% of average net assets for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2010. Absent the Participation Fee, the net expenses would have been decreased by a corresponding amount.

(7) The net expense ratio includes the Participation Fee of approximately \$2,325,000 which represents 0.02% of average net assets for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2009. Absent the Participation Fee, the net expenses would have been decreased by a corresponding amount.

(8) The impact on Net Assets due to any custody credits is less than 0.001%.

FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED MARCH 31,

MUNICIPAL MONEY MARKET FUND

Selected per share data	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Net Asset Value, Beginning of Year	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00
INCOME FROM INVESTMENT OPERATIONS:					
Net investment income	— ⁽¹⁾	— ⁽¹⁾	0.01	0.03	0.03
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses)	— ⁽²⁾	— ⁽²⁾	—	—	—
Total from Investment Operations	—	—	0.01	0.03	0.03
LESS DISTRIBUTIONS PAID:					
From net investment income	— ⁽³⁾	— ⁽³⁾	(0.01)	(0.03)	(0.03)
Total Distributions Paid	—	—	(0.01)	(0.03)	(0.03)
Net Asset Value, End of Year	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00
Total Return⁽⁴⁾	0.02%	0.08%	1.26%	2.93%	3.08%
SUPPLEMENTAL DATA AND RATIOS:					
Net assets, in thousands, end of year	\$6,688,741	\$6,404,996	\$10,170,902	\$7,326,636	\$5,871,075
Ratio to average net assets of:					
Expenses, net of reimbursements and credits	0.29%	0.45% ⁽⁵⁾	0.57% ⁽⁶⁾	0.55%	0.55%
Expenses, before reimbursements and credits	0.54%	0.70%	0.70%	0.68%	0.68%
Net investment income, net of reimbursements and credits ⁽⁷⁾	0.03%	0.09%	1.17%	2.84%	3.04%
Net investment income (loss), before reimbursements and credits ⁽⁷⁾	(0.22)%	(0.16)%	1.04%	2.71%	2.91%

(1) Per share amount from net investment income was less than \$0.01 per share.

(2) Per share amounts from net realized and unrealized gains (losses) were less than \$0.01 per share.

(3) Per share amount from distributions paid from net investment income was less than \$0.01 per share.

(4) Assumes investment at net asset value at the beginning of the year, reinvestment of all dividends and distributions, and a complete redemption of the investment at net asset value at the end of the year.

(5) The net expense ratio includes the fee for participation in the U.S. Department of the Treasury's Temporary Guaranty Program (the "Participation Fee") of approximately \$1,450,000 which represents 0.02% of average net assets for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2010. Absent the Participation Fee, the net expenses would have been decreased by a corresponding amount.

(6) The net expense ratio includes the Participation Fee of approximately \$1,707,000 which represents 0.02% of average net assets for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2009. Absent the Participation Fee, the net expenses would have been decreased by a corresponding amount.

(7) The impact on Net Assets due to any custody credits is less than 0.001%.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

U.S. GOVERNMENT MONEY MARKET FUND

Selected per share data	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Net Asset Value, Beginning of Year	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00
INCOME FROM INVESTMENT OPERATIONS:					
Net investment income	— ⁽¹⁾	— ⁽¹⁾	0.01	0.04	0.05
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses)	— ⁽²⁾	— ⁽²⁾	—	—	—
Total from Investment Operations	—	—	0.01	0.04	0.05
LESS DISTRIBUTIONS PAID:					
From net investment income	— ⁽³⁾	— ⁽³⁾	(0.01)	(0.04)	(0.05)
Total Distributions Paid	—	—	(0.01)	(0.04)	(0.05)
Net Asset Value, End of Year	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00
Total Return⁽⁴⁾	0.02%	0.01%	1.10%	4.24%	4.74%
SUPPLEMENTAL DATA AND RATIOS:					
Net assets, in thousands, end of year	\$1,626,601	\$1,445,539	\$2,347,454	\$1,833,602	\$822,919
Ratio to average net assets of:					
Expenses, net of reimbursements and credits	0.23%	0.32% ⁽⁵⁾	0.56% ⁽⁶⁾⁽⁷⁾	0.55% ⁽⁶⁾	0.55% ⁽⁶⁾
Expenses, before reimbursements and credits	0.54%	0.71%	0.71%	0.70%	0.70%
Net investment income, net of reimbursements and credits ⁽⁸⁾	0.01%	0.01%	1.03%	3.94%	4.65%
Net investment income (loss), before reimbursements and credits ⁽⁸⁾	(0.30)%	(0.38)%	0.88%	3.79%	4.50%

(1) Per share amount from net investment income was less than \$0.01 per share.

(2) Per share amounts from net realized and unrealized gains (losses) were less than \$0.01 per share.

(3) Per share amount from distributions paid from net investment income was less than \$0.01 per share.

(4) Assumes investment at net asset value at the beginning of the year, reinvestment of all dividends and distributions, and a complete redemption of the investment at net asset value at the end of the year.

(5) The net expense ratio includes the fee for participation in the U.S. Department of the Treasury's Temporary Guaranty Program (the "Participation Fee") of approximately \$325,000 which represents 0.02% of average net assets for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2010. Absent the Participation Fee, the net expenses would have been decreased by a corresponding amount.

(6) The net expense ratio includes custodian credits of approximately \$125,000, \$98,000, and \$73,000 which represents 0.01% of average net assets for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2009, 2008, and 2007, respectively. Absent the custodian credit arrangement, expense reimbursement would have been increased by a corresponding amount.

(7) The net expense ratio includes the Participation Fee of approximately \$383,000 which represents 0.02% of average net assets for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2009. Absent the Participation Fee, the net expenses would have been decreased by a corresponding amount.

(8) The impact on Net Assets due to any custody credits is less than 0.001%.

FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED MARCH 31,

U.S. GOVERNMENT SELECT MONEY MARKET FUND

Selected per share data	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Net Asset Value, Beginning of Year	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00
INCOME FROM INVESTMENT OPERATIONS:					
Net investment income	— ⁽¹⁾	— ⁽¹⁾	0.01	0.04	0.05
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses)	— ⁽²⁾	— ⁽²⁾	—	—	—
Total from Investment Operations	—	—	0.01	0.04	0.05
LESS DISTRIBUTIONS PAID:					
From net investment income	— ⁽³⁾	— ⁽³⁾	(0.01)	(0.04)	(0.05)
Total Distributions Paid	—	—	(0.01)	(0.04)	(0.05)
Net Asset Value, End of Year	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00
Total Return⁽⁴⁾	0.01%	0.01%	0.99%	4.16%	4.66%
SUPPLEMENTAL DATA AND RATIOS:					
Net assets, in thousands, end of year	\$3,122,906	\$3,411,618	\$5,010,970	\$2,374,557	\$1,017,176
Ratio to average net assets of:					
Expenses, net of reimbursements and credits	0.20%	0.31% ⁽⁵⁾	0.55% ⁽⁶⁾	0.55%	0.55%
Expenses, before reimbursements and credits	0.55%	0.69%	0.70%	0.69%	0.69%
Net investment income, net of reimbursements and credits ⁽⁷⁾	0.01%	0.01%	0.73%	3.85%	4.56%
Net investment income (loss), before reimbursements and credits ⁽⁷⁾	(0.34)%	(0.37)%	0.58%	3.71%	4.42%

(1) Per share amount from net investment income was less than \$0.01 per share.

(2) Per share amounts from net realized and unrealized gains (losses) were less than \$0.01 per share.

(3) Per share amount from distributions paid from net investment income was less than \$0.01 per share.

(4) Assumes investment at net asset value at the beginning of the year, reinvestment of all dividends and distributions, and a complete redemption of the investment at net asset value at the end of the year.

(5) The net expense ratio includes the fee for participation in the U.S. Department of the Treasury's Temporary Guaranty Program (the "Participation Fee") of approximately \$539,000 which represents 0.01% of average net assets for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2010. Absent the Participation Fee, the net expenses would have been decreased by a corresponding amount.

(6) The net expense ratio includes the Participation Fee of approximately \$635,000 which represents 0.02% of average net assets for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2009. Absent the Participation Fee, the net expenses would have been decreased by a corresponding amount.

(7) The impact on Net Assets due to any custody credits is less than 0.001%.

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FOR MORE INFORMATION**ANNUAL/SEMIANNUAL REPORTS AND STATEMENT OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION**

Additional information about the Funds' investments is available in the Funds' annual and semiannual reports to shareholders. In the Funds' annual report, you will find a discussion of the market conditions and investment strategies that significantly affected the Funds' performance during their last fiscal year.

Additional information about the Funds and their policies also is available in the Funds' SAI. The SAI is incorporated by reference into this Prospectus (and is legally considered part of this Prospectus).

The Funds' annual and semiannual reports and the SAI are available free upon request by calling the Northern Funds Center at 800-595-9111 or by sending an email request to: northern-funds@ntrs.com. The SAI and other information are available from a financial intermediary (such as a broker-dealer or bank) through which the Fund's shares may be purchased or sold.

TO OBTAIN OTHER INFORMATION AND FOR SHAREHOLDER INQUIRIES:**BY TELEPHONE**

Call 800-595-9111

BY MAIL

Northern Funds
P.O. Box 75986
Chicago, IL 60675-5986

ON THE INTERNET

The Funds' documents are available online and may be downloaded from:

- The EDGAR Database on the SEC's Web site at sec.gov (text-only).
- Northern Funds' Web site at northernfunds.com.

You may review and obtain copies of Northern Funds' documents by visiting the SEC's Public Reference Room in Washington, D.C. You also may obtain copies of Northern Funds' documents by sending your request and a duplicating fee to the SEC's Public Reference Section, Washington, D.C. 20549-1520 or by electronic request to: publicinfo@sec.gov. Information on the operation of the Public Reference Room may be obtained by calling the SEC at 202-551-8090.